

# Applications for geographical indications for non-EU products in 2025

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2025 applications to the EU register of PDOs and PGIs for non-EU products

Applications [C/2025/1382](#); [C/2025/1823](#); [C/2025/2127](#); [C/2025/1846](#); [C/2025/3607](#); [C/2025/3672](#)

## Update

This is a summary of the applications for registration as Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) and Protected Geographical Indication (PGI) to the register of the European Union (EU) ([eAmbrosia](#)) for non-EU products from [AGRINFO partner countries](#). It also includes applications to the International Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications ([Lisbon System](#)).

This overview complements the summary of PDO, PGI, and (international) Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications that have been registered in 2025 (see [Approved geographical indications for non-EU products in 2025](#)).

## Impacted products

Rose essential oil, melons, olive oil, prepared meat, edible vegetables, prepared cereals from specific geographical areas

## What is changing?

So far in 2025, the following applications for registration as PDOs and PGIs from non-EU countries have been received and are being assessed (see [Approved geographical indications for non-EU products in 2025](#)).

### **Applications for registration as PDO**

- “Isparta Gülya■■■”, an essential oil obtained from the Isparta rose (*Rosa damascena*) grown in the province of Isparta in Türkiye (C/2025/1382)
- “K■■rka■■aç Kavunu”, a melon that grows in the District of K■■rka■■aç of Manisa province in Türkiye (C/2025/1823)

- “Mut Zeytinyağ”, a natural extra virgin olive oil obtained from olives grown in the Mut Region in Türkiye (C/2025/2127).

#### ***Applications for registration as PGI***

- “Antep Lahmacunu / Gaziantep Lahmacunu”, a thinly rolled flatbread spread with minced lamb meat and vegetables that is prepared in Gaziantep province, Türkiye (C/2025/3607)
- “Hatay Kaytaz Böreği”, a pastry filled with a mixture of minced meat, vegetables, spices, and seasonings from Hatay province and its districts, Türkiye (C/2025/3672).

#### ***Applications for Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications***

An application for the following product to be granted protection in the EU has been submitted to the Lisbon System of the World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO):

- “Vaj Ulliri Valmi Elbasan”, olive oil from the Elbasan area, Albania (C/2025/1846).

## **Why?**

Concerned stakeholders can present to the European Commission a reasoned statement of opposition to registration of the names listed as PDO and PGI in [eAmbrosia](#) within **3 calendar months** from the date when the application is published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Concerned stakeholders can also present opposition to applications to the Lisbon System within **4 calendar months** from the date when the application is published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

If no reasoned statement of opposition is received within the relevant time period against the registration of these names, they will be granted protection in the EU.

## **Timeline**

Opposition to registration of the following as a PGI may be lodged with the European Commission **within 3 calendar months** from the date indicated.

- “Antep Lahmacunu / Gaziantep Lahmacunu” from Türkiye, from 2 July 2025
- “Hatay Kaytaz Böreği” from Türkiye, from 7 July 2025.

Opportunities to lodge opposition to the following for registration as PDOs have now closed:

- “İsparta Gülyalı” from Türkiye, on 26 May 2025
- “Kırkaç Kavunu” from Türkiye, on 24 June 2025
- “Mut Zeytinyalı” from Türkiye, on 7 July 2025.

The opportunity to lodge opposition to the application to the Lisbon System for “Vaj Ulliri Valmi Elbasan” from Albania closed on 21 June 2025.

## What are the major implications for exporting countries?

The potential benefits of geographical indications such as PGIs and PDOs are described in [Geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs explained](#).

## Recommended Actions

Objections to a name being registered as a geographical indication in the EU register ([eAmbrosia](#)) or in the international register ([Lisbon](#)) can be communicated to the European Commission within 3 and 4 months, respectively, from the date the application is published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

## Background

Applications for registration of PDOs and PGIs received by the European Commission are published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

If no statement of opposition has been received by the European Commission within 3 months, the PDO/PGI is registered as geographical indication in the EU register ([eAmbrosia](#)) and granted protection in the EU (Regulations [2024/1143](#) and [2025/26](#)).

For further information on the EU’s system for protecting geographical indications, see [Geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs explained](#).

## Resources

European Commission: [Geographical indications and quality schemes explained](#)

Regulation [2019/1753](#) on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications

Regulation [2024/1143](#) on geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, as well as traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural product

Regulation [2025/26](#) laying down rules for the application of Regulation 2024/1143 as regards registrations, amendments, cancellations, enforcement of the protection, labelling and communication in respect of geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed

## Sources

Applications [C/2025/1382](#); [C/2025/1823](#); [C/2025/2127](#); [C/2025/1846](#); [C/2025/3607](#); [C/2025/3672](#)

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