

THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

Approved geographical indications for non-EU products in 2025

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2025 updates to the EU register of PDOs and PGIs for non-EU products

Regulations <u>2025/470</u>; <u>2025/622</u>; <u>2025/112</u>

Update

This is a summary of new registrations in 2025 as Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) and Protected Geographical Indication (PGI) of the European Union (EU) (<u>eAmbrosia</u>) for non-EU products from <u>AGRINFO partner countries</u>.

This overview complements the summary of applications for registration as PDO, PGI and (international) Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications submitted in 2025 (see Applications for geographical indications for non-EU products in 2025).

Impacted products

table olives, coconut sugar, and yogurt from specific geographical areas

What is changing?

So far in 2025, the following PDOs and PGIs from non-EU countries have been received and approved:

New PDOs:

- "Ayd

 n Memecik Zeytini", a table olive of the Memecik variety of olive trees grown in Ayd

 province, Türkiye (2025/470)
- "Gula Kelapa Kulonprogo Jogja", coconut sugar made from coconut plants grown in the Kulonprogo Regency, Indonesia (2025/622).

New PGIs:

 "Silifke Yo■urdu", a goat's milk-based yogurt produced in the Silifke District of Mersin Province, Türkiye (2025/112).





Why?

Whenever there is an application for a new PDO or PGI, concerned stakeholders have the opportunity to present reasoned statements of opposition that are then considered by the European Commission. No reasoned statements of opposition were received in relation to the products listed above.

Timeline

Date of effect as PDOs:

- "Ayd

 n Memecik Zeytini": 1 April 2025
- "Gula Kelapa Kulonprogo Jogja": 17 April 2025.

Date of effect as PGI:

"Silifke Yo■urdu": 12 February 2025.

What are the major implications for exporting countries?

The potential benefits of geographical indications such as PGIs and PDOs are presented in Geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs explained.

Background

Applications for registration of PDOs and PGIs received by the European Commission are published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

If no statement of opposition has been received by the European Commission within 3 months, the PDO/PGI is registered as geographical indication in the EU register (<u>eAmbrosia</u>) and granted protection in the EU (Regulations <u>2024/1143</u> and <u>2025/26</u>).

For further information on the EU's system for protecting geographical indications, see Geographical indications for agricultural products and foodstuffs explained.





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Resources

European Commission: Geographical indications and quality schemes explained

Regulation <u>2024/1143</u> on geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, as well as traditional specialities guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural product

Regulation <u>2025/26</u> laying down rules for the application of Regulation 2024/1143 as regards registrations, amendments, cancellations, enforcement of the protection, labelling and communication in respect of geographical indications and traditional specialities guaranteed

Publications of an application for registration of a name pursuant to Article 50(2), point (a), of Regulation 1151/2012 of on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs:

PDO: C/2024/6963; C/2024/7046

• PGI: C/2024/5860

Sources

Regulations <u>2025/470</u>; <u>2025/622</u>; <u>2025/112</u>

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