

EUROPHYT interceptions in February 2024

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Report on EUROPHYT interceptions in February 2024

Update

This report summarises EUROPHYT interceptions of products entering the European Union from low- and middle-income countries that occurred in February 2024.

In February 2024 there were 70 interceptions due to harmful organisms affecting 17 countries, and 330 interceptions due to other non-conformities affecting 38 partner countries.

Impacted products

Plants and plant products

What is changing?

Harmful organisms

In February 2024 there were 70 EUROPHYT interceptions due to harmful organisms as detailed in Table 1.

Other non-conformities

There were also 330 interceptions due to other non-conformities, affecting 38 partner countries (see Table 2).

For more detail see **EUROPHYT** interception February 2024 report.





What are the major implications for exporting countries?

EUROPHYT interceptions can have significant impacts on producers and exporters. A shipment is intercepted at EU border controls when products do not comply with the EU's phytosanitary requirements. As a result, the affected importer/exporter/producer may face a range of consequences including delayed shipments, additional costs of testing and inspection, and potential rejections or destruction of their products. These interceptions can also damage the reputation of the producer/exporter in the EU market, which may affect their ability to conduct future trade with EU buyers. It can also have impacts on the export sector as a whole, particularly when repeated interceptions lead to more stringent plant health measures or bans.

Recommended Actions

Producers and exporters must take proactive measures to ensure their products comply with EU phytosanitary requirements to avoid the risk of interceptions. This can include implementing effective pest management strategies, using certified seeds and planting material, and complying with regulations and standards.

Background

EUROPHYT is the European Union Notification System for Plant Health Interceptions.

The basis for EUROPHYT interceptions is the obligation for EU Member States (and Switzerland) to rapidly report the occurrence of harmful organisms and other non-conformities found during import controls, to prevent the introduction and spread of pests and diseases. Interceptions due to "other non-conformities" are usually caused by an inaccurate or missing phytosanitary certificate.

Notifications of such interceptions are disseminated EU-wide and to the National Plant Protection Organisation (NPPO) of the exporting country. The legal framework for EUROPHYT interceptions is provided by Regulation (EU) <u>2016/2031</u> on plant health. For more information about plant health law, see <u>EU plant health law explained</u>.

Also see Official Controls Regulation - explained.

Resources

European and Mediterranean Plant Protection Organization (EPPO)





European Commission (2024) Interceptions of harmful organisms in imported plants and other objects

Sources

European Commission (2024) <u>Number of occurrences of harmful organism(s) in commodities</u> imported into the EU or Switzerland (February 2024)

Visit the <u>AGRINFO website</u> to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.





Table & Figures

	FURC		ble 1 lue to harmful organisms on			
fruit		· ·	ables, and leaves – February 2024			
Country of origin	N*	Intercepted products	Harmful organisms			
Brazil	11	Limes	Fungus, citrus canker			
		Passion fruit	Fruit flies			
Cambodia	1	Peppers	Fruit flies			
China	1	Grapefruit	Fungus			
Colombia	8	Limes	Fungus			
		Tamarillos	Tomato fruit borer			
		Physalis	Tobacco budworm			
Congo	11	Solanaceae	Nematodes, whiteflies, leaf-miner flies, moths			
		Amaranths	Whiteflies			
		Cassava	Whiteflies			
		Chicory	Leaf-miner flies			
		Onions	Leaf-miner flies			
		Spinaches	Moths			
		Non-specified vegetables	Moths, whiteflies			
Ecuador	1	Asparagus	Fall armyworm			
Egypt	1	Guava	Fruit flies			
India	2	Gourds	Fruit flies			
Kenya	19	Beans	Moths			
		Basil	Fall armyworm, whiteflies, leaf-miner flies			
		Brassica vegetables	Moths			
		Sweet corn	Moths			
		Peas	Moths			
		Gourds	Fruit flies			
Mexico	3	Asparagus	Fall armyworm, yellow-striped armyworm			
Peru	2	Asparagus	Tobacco budworm, fall armyworm			
Senegal	2	Eggplants	Moths			
Sri Lanka	1	Gourds	Fruit flies			
Suriname	2	Celery	Moths			
Thailand	3	Asparagus	Thrips			
		Curcuma	Bacterial disease (<i>Ralstonia</i>)			
		Coriander	Whiteflies			
Vietnam	1	Rambutan	Fruit flies			
Zimbabwe	1	Peppers	False codling moth			

Source: **EUROPHYT** monthly report





tru	uit a	nd vegetables, leafy veget	ab	les, and	l lea	ves – February 2024
Country of origin	N*	Intercepted products		Country of origin	N*	Intercepted products
Algeria	1	Sweet and chili peppers		Egypt	62	Celery
Argentina	2	Garlic				Sweet and chili peppers
Bolivia	1	Potatoes				Mandarin
Brazil	3	Persian limes, mango				Sweet oranges
Cameroon	3	Garlic, sweet and chili peppers, ginger				Potatoes
China	2	Peanut				Potatoes
		Ambarella and other Spondias species		Equatorial	3	Sweet potato
Colombia	6	Palm hearts		Guinea		Cassava
		Papaya				Ginger
		Mango		Ethiopia	1	Sweet and chili peppers
		Peruvian groundcherry		Ghana	6	Okra
		Potatoes				Sweet and chili peppers
Congo	18	Amaranths				Sweet potato
		Courgettes, pumpkins, and other Cucurbita species				Cassava
		Sweet potato		India	7	Sweet and chili peppers
		Potatoes, tomatoes, peppers, eggplants, and other Solanaceae species				Mango
		Chives				Moringa
		Cassava				Curry tree, orange jessamine, and othe Murraya species
		Amaranths				Ginger
		Chicory roots		Iran	2	Sweet and chili peppers
		Water spinach				Lemons
		Spinach		Kenya	4	Asparagus
Cuba	8	Mango				Basil
		Avocado				Sweet corn
Democratic	7	Ethiopian eggplants		Laos	32	Soursop
Republic of the Congo		Amaranths				Sweetsop
Ü		Roselle, chinese hibiscus, and other Hibiscus species				Chili pepper
		Sweet potato and other <i>Ipomoea</i> species				Mango
		Spinach				Common guava
		Vegetable plants				Eggplant
Dominican Republic	4	Sweet and chili peppers				Turkey berry
		Mango				Culantro
		Avocado				Basil
		Potatoes				Culantro
Ecuador	7	Mediterranean mandarin				Rice paddy herb and other Limnophila species
		Loquats/Japanese medlars				Basil
		Mango				Holy basil
		Peaches, plums, and other Prunus		Mali	2	Peanut
		Common plum				Mango
		Tomato		Mexico	2	Asparagus

Source: **EUROPHYT** monthly report



Country of origin	N*	Intercepted products		Country of origin	N*	Intercepted products
Morocco	50	Onions	H	Philippines	1	Ginger
		Garlic		Senegal	8	Okra
		Celery				Watermelon
		Peanut	H			Key limes
		Beet				Mango
		Sweet and chili peppers				Bay laurel
		Clementines				Horticultural plants
		Lemons		South Africa	7	Chili pepper
		Sweet oranges		- South 7 times		Lemons
		Cucumber				Nectarine
		Courgettes, pumpkins, and other				Japanese plum
		Cucurbita species				Supuriese plani
		Artichoke				European pear
		Carrots		Sri Lanka	20	Sweet and chili peppers
		Walnuts		i		Papaya
		Apple	f	1		Courgettes, pumpkins, and other
						Cucurbita species
		European olive				Mangosteen
		Common beans				Mango
		Date palm				Rambutan
		Sweet cherry				Passion fruit, sweet granadilla, and other <i>Passiflora</i> species
		Almond				Passion fruit (purple)
		Tomato				Avocado
		Potatoes				Common guava
		Ginger				Basil and edible flowers
		Jujube				Laurel/bay leaves
		Spearmint				Spinach
		Horticultural plants		Suriname	1	Cowpea, yardlong bean, and other Vigna species
		Basil		Thailand	3	Litchi
		Parsley				Apple
		Thyme and other thyme species				Mango
Vigeria	1	Sweet and chili peppers		Türkiye	7	Sweet and chili peppers
Pakistan	3	Sweet and chili peppers Mango				Cucumber
						Mango
Peru	33	Peanut		i		Tomato
		Asparagus		Uganda	1	Curry tree, orange jessamine, and other Murraya species
		Sweet and chili peppers Uzbek		Uzbekistan	8	Turnip
		Citrus fruits (oranges, lemons, etc.) Artichoke			1	Carrots
				Venezuela		Avocado
		Fennel		Vietnam	1	Chili pepper
		Pacay – legume vegetable		Zimbabwe	2	Sweet and chili peppers
		Sweet potato				
		Apple				
		Mango				
		Horticultural plants				
		Passion fruit, sweet granadilla, and	T			
		other Passiflora species				
		Passion fruit (yellow)				
		Avocado				
		Potatoes				
		Ulluco				
		Sweet corn				
*N = number	of inte	Bay laurel erceptions.	AGI .agr	RÍNFO info.eu		





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