

Feed additives: September 2023 authorisations and reauthorisations

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EU authorises and re-authorises certain feed additives

Commission Implementing Regulations <u>2023/1703</u>; <u>2023/1704</u>; <u>2023/1705</u>; <u>2023/1707</u>; <u>2023/1708</u>; <u>2023/1709</u>; <u>2023/1710</u>; <u>2023/1711</u>; <u>2023/1713</u>

Update

An overview of the latest authorisation renewals of feed additives and their use in animal nutrition in target animals.

Impacted products

feed additives, prepared fodder

What is changing?

New authorisations (September 2023)

Regulation 2023/1705

Additive: preparation of riboflavin (vitamin B2) produced by Bacillus subtilis CGMCC 13326

Use: nutritional additive

Target: all animal species

Regulation 2023/1707

Additive: 2-acetylfuran and 2-pentylfuran

Use: flavouring compounds

Target: all animal species

Regulation 2023/1709

Additive: preparation of Lentilactobacillus diolivorans DSM 33625 (previously known as

Lactobacillus diolivorans DSM 33625)





Use: silage additive

Target: all animal species

Regulation 2023/1713

Additive: preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by *Trichoderma reesei* ATCC PTA-5588, protease produced by *Bacillus subtilis* ATCC SD-2107 and alpha-amylase produced

by Bacillus licheniformis ATCC SD-6525

Use: digestibility enhancer

Target: chickens for fattening, chickens reared for laying, and minor poultry species

Authorisation renewals

Regulation <u>2023/1703</u>: preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by *Trichoderma reesei* CBS 143953 and endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by *T. reesei* CBS 143945 (poultry species, weaned piglets, pigs for fattening, lactating sows and minor porcine species)

Regulation <u>2023/1704</u>: preparation of *Pediococcus pentosaceus* DSM 23376 (all animal species)

Regulation <u>2023/1708</u>: urea (ruminants with a functional rumen)

Regulation <u>2023/1710</u>: ammonium chloride (cats, dogs, sows)

Regulation 2023/1711: preparation of the fermentation product of Aspergillus oryzae NRRL 458

(dairy cows)

Why?

Applications for the above authorisations/renewals were submitted and considered by the Reference Laboratory set up by the Feed Additives Regulation (<u>1831/2003</u>). In the case of renewals, conclusions and recommendations reached in previous assessments were considered to remain valid and applicable.

Timeline

These Regulations enter into force on 28 September 2023. All authorisations (including renewals) remain valid until 28 September 2033.

Transitional period

Substances and premixtures containing the preparations specified in Regulations <u>2023/1703</u>, <u>2023/1707</u> and <u>2023/1711</u>, if produced and labelled before **28 March 2024** in accordance with





the rules applicable before 28 September 2023, may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted.

Compound feed and feed materials produced and labelled before **28 September 2024** that contain the specified preparations may continue to be placed on the market and used until the existing stocks are exhausted.

What are the major implications for exporting countries?

With these new applications, more feed additives will be available on the market. Authorisations and renewals are valid for 10 years. The use of all preparations and substances specified as feed additives must comply with the provisions of use specified in the Annex to each Regulation from 28 March 2024 onwards.

Recommended Actions

Non-EU countries producing feed additives, compound feed and feed materials for export to the EU are recommended to check the status of the feed additives in the EU Feed Additives register.

To be able to filter and to see more information, it is advisable to download the register in Excel format (see foot of <u>Food and Feed Information Portal webpage</u>).

Background

The procedure for authorising the placing on the market and use of feed additives is set out in Regulation (EC) <u>1831/2003</u>. For the latest updates on feed additives see the <u>EU Feed Additives</u> register.

Resources

EU Feed Additives register

Regulation 1831/2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition

Sources

Commission Implementing Regulations:





- 2023/1703 on the renewal of the authorisation of a preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Trichoderma reesei CBS 143953 and endo-1,3(4)-beta-glucanase produced by Trichoderma reesei CBS 143945 as a feed additive for poultry species, weaned piglets, pigs for fattening, lactating sows and minor porcine species (weaned piglets, pigs for fattening and lactating sows)
- 2023/1704 on the renewal of the authorisation of a preparation of Pediococcus pentosaceus
 DSM 23376 as a feed additive for all animal species
- 2023/1705 on the authorisation of a preparation of riboflavin (vitamin B2) produced by Bacillus subtilis CGMCC 13326 as a feed additive for all animal species
- 2023/1707 on the authorisation of 2-acetylfuran and 2-pentylfuran as feed additives for all animal species
- 2023/1708 on the renewal of the authorisation of urea as a feed additive for ruminants with a functional rumen
- 2023/1709 on the authorisation of a preparation of Lentilactobacillus diolivorans DSM 33625 as a feed additive for all animal species
- 2023/1710 on the renewal of the authorisation of a preparation of ammonium chloride as a feed additive for all ruminants and cats and dogs and an authorisation of a preparation of ammonium chloride as a feed additive for sows
- 2023/1711 on the renewal of the authorisation of a preparation of the fermentation product of Aspergillus oryzae NRRL 458 as a feed additive for dairy cows
- 2023/1713 on the authorisation of a preparation of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase produced by Trichoderma reesei ATCC PTA-5588, protease produced by Bacillus subtilis CBS 148232 and alpha-amylase produced by Bacillus licheniformis ATCC SD-6525 for chickens for fattening, chickens reared for laying and minor poultry species

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