

Increased maximum level of 3'-Sialyllactose sodium salt in infant formula

Published by AGRINFO on 09 Aug 2023

Commission approves increased maximum level of 3'-SL sodium salt in infant formula

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2023/1582](#) of 1 August 2023 amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/2470 as regards the conditions of use of the novel food 3'-Sialyllactose sodium salt produced by derivative strains of *Escherichia coli* BL21(DE3)

Update

The European Commission has approved an increased maximum level of 3'-Sialyllactose sodium salt (3'-SL sodium salt) in infant formula, closer to the levels naturally found in human milk. The increase also applies to foods for special medical purposes for infants and young children.

Impacted products

baby foods, baby foods for special medical purposes, food supplements, infant formula, follow-on formula, milk-based drinks

What is changing?

In January 2023 the EU authorised [3'-SL sodium salt as a novel food](#). The level of 3'-SL sodium salt that can be used in infant formula is increased from 0.23 to 0.28 g/kg or g/l. This increase also applies to foods for special medical purposes for infants and young children (as defined under Regulation [609/2013](#)).

Why?

This change in the conditions of use is not liable to affect human health. The slightly increased intake of 3'-SL sodium salt in infant formula is still lower than the intake of 3'-SL from breast milk.

Timeline

The use of increased levels of 3'-SL sodium salt is permitted from 22 August 2023.

What are the major implications for exporting countries?

Only Chr. Hansen A/S, which applied for authorisation, can place 3'-SL sodium salt on the EU market. The applicant has also obtained data protection on the supporting data submitted until 6 February 2028. Before that date, other companies must obtain authorisation to place the novel food on the EU market, and cannot use proprietary scientific evidence or protected scientific data when applying for authorisation. After 6 February 2028, other companies may apply for authorisation with reference to that data.

Background

3'-SL sodium salt obtained by microbial fermentation using genetically modified derivative strains of *E. coli* BL21(DE3) is authorised on the EU market as a novel food by Implementing Regulation (EU) [2023/113](#). An application to increase the maximum level of 3'-SL sodium salt in infant formula from 0.23 to a maximum level of 0.28 g/kg or g/l was submitted in February 2023 in order to bring its intake closer to the levels of 3'-SL naturally found in human milk.

Resources

EFSA (2022) [Safety of 3'-sialyllactose \(3'-SL\) sodium salt produced by derivative strains of *Escherichia coli* BL21 \(DE3\) as a Novel Food pursuant to Regulation \(EU\) 2015/2283](#). EFSA Journal, 20(5): 7331.

Implementing Regulation (EU) [2023/113](#) authorising the placing on the market of 3'-Sialyllactose sodium salt produced by derivative strains of *Escherichia coli* BL21(DE3) as a novel food

Regulation (EU) 2015/2283 (consolidated version: [27/03/2021](#))

Regulation (EU) No 609/2013 (consolidated version: [21/03/2023](#))

Sources

Implementing Regulation [2023/1582](#) regarding the conditions of use of the novel food 3'-Sialyllactose sodium salt produced by derivative strains of *Escherichia coli* BL21(DE3)

Disclaimer: *Under no circumstances shall COLEAD be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of information available on this website or any link to external sites. The use of the website is at the user's sole risk and responsibility. This information platform was created and maintained with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents do not, however, reflect the views of the European Union.*