

THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

Latest pesticide approvals, renewals, and extensions 2025

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EU pesticide approvals, renewals, and extensions in 2025

Commission Implementing Regulations 2025/96; 2025/99; 2025/103; 2025/109; 2025/150

Update

This report summarises new and renewed approvals so far in 2025. It also lists extensions of EU approval in 2025 (Table 1), and changes in conditions of use.

What is changing?

Approvals

In January 2025, the EU approved the basic substance *Vitis vinifera* seed extract (grape seed extract), and the low-risk active substances *Betabaculovirus phoperculellae* and *Bacillus velezensis* strain RTI301.

Renewals

The EU has renewed the approval of mepiquat chloride until 29 February 2040.

Extensions and amendments

So far in 2025, the EU has extended approval of the substances listed in Table 1.

Timeline

A comprehensive list of active substances, their legal status, and expiry dates can be found in the European Commission's <u>Active substances, safeners and synergists</u> database.

Recommended Actions

Suppliers to the EU market should monitor developments in EU pesticide approvals when considering longer-term strategies on agricultural practices and pest management.





Background

Approvals

A plant protection product or pesticide contains one or several active substances. Active substances must meet the established approval criteria (Regulation <u>1107/2009</u>, Art. 4), which include that there must be no harmful effects on human health or the environment.

Depending on their characteristics, some active substances can be approved as low-risk substances that fulfil certain criteria [Regulation <u>1107/2009</u>, Annex II(5)]. Low-risk substances are approved for 15 years instead of the standard 10 years, and enjoy more favourable data protection (13 years). Authorisation procedures are generally also shorter.

Renewals of approval

The Commission has established a series of work programmes to manage the renewal process. Each substance is allocated to an EU <u>Member State</u> for evaluation.

If no application is received for extension of approval, the initial expiry date will remain.

Extensions of approval

If an application for renewal cannot be fully evaluated before the expiry date, the approval can be extended to allow the evaluation to be completed.

Resources

Online resources from the European Commission:

- Renewal of approval
- Approval of active substances

Sources

Commission Implementing Regulations <u>2025/96</u>; <u>2025/99</u>; <u>2025/103</u>; <u>2025/109</u>; <u>2025/150</u>

Visit the <u>AGRINFO website</u> to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.





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Table & Figures

Table 1 Pesticides: extensions of approval in 2025	
Active substance	Expiry date extended to:
Regulation (EU) 2025/99	
Aureobasidium pullulans (strains DSM 14940 and DSM 14941)	30 Jun 2027
Bacillus amyloliquefaciens subsp. plantarum D747	31 Aug 2027
Benalaxyl-M	30 Sep 2027
Cyprodinil	31 Oct 2026
Dichlorprop-P	31 Oct 2026
Formetanate	30 Sep 2026
Fosetyl	31 Oct 2026
Halosulfuron-methyl	15 Nov 2026
Imazamox	30 Jun 2027
Milbemectin	31 May 2026
Phenmedipham	30 Sep 2026
Pirimicarb	31 Oct 2026
Pseudomonas sp. strain DSMZ 13134	30 Jun 2027
Pyrimethanil	30 Jun 2026
Pyriofenone	30 Jun 2027
Pyroxsulam	30 Sep 2027
Spinosad	31 Oct 2026
Sulphur	31 Jul 2026
Trichoderma asperellum (formerly T. harzianum) strains ICC012, T-25, and TV-1	30 Nov 2026
Trichoderma atroviride (formerly T. harzianum) strain T11	30 Nov 2026
Trichoderma gamsii (formerly T. viride) strain ICC080	30 Nov 2026
Trichoderma harzianum Rifai strains T-22 and ITEM 908	30 Nov 2026
Triticonazole	31 Jan 2027
Ziram	31 Jan 2027
<mark>Улегінғо</mark> www.agrinfo.eu	

Source: based on Regulation 2025/99

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