

Latest pesticide non-renewals, withdrawals, restrictions, and non-approvals (2026)

Published by AGRINFO on 22 Jun 2026

Non-renewals, withdrawals, restrictions, and non-approvals of pesticides for use in the European Union: decisions in 2026

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2026/1154](#) of 28 May 2026 as regards the deletion of methoxyfenozide, penthiopyrad and terpenoid blend QRD 460 from the list of active substances approved under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2026/1209](#) of 9 June 2026 concerning the non-approval of Capsicum oleoresin as a basic substance

Update

This report summarises recent European Union (EU) decisions not to renew, or to withdraw, existing approvals for certain pesticide active substances.

While these decisions primarily affect EU producers, they are generally followed by legislation to reduce the maximum residue levels (MRLs) to 0.01 mg/kg or the limit of determination (LOD – the lowest level that can be detected using the most modern and reliable analytical methods). These decisions therefore provide an early indication of upcoming MRL changes, and the likely need to look for alternative solutions on crops for export to the EU.

This report also includes EU non-approval decisions. These are relevant to producers in exporting countries where these substances may be used locally. In such cases, a default MRL of 0.01 mg/kg will be maintained.

What is changing?

The EU systematically reviews the status of all pesticide active substances that are approved for use within the European Union. Recent **non-renewals and withdrawals of approval** are summarised in Table 1. To check the expiry or review dates of other pesticide active substances, see the [EU Pesticides Database](#).

In addition to the non-renewals in Table 1, the EU has recently decided not to approve *Capsicum oleoresin* as a basic substance.

Why?

No requests for renewal were submitted regarding methoxyfenozide, penthiopyrad, and terpenoid blend QRD 460, therefore no review took place and these approvals expired. Regulation [2026/1154](#) deletes them from the list of approved active substances (under Regulation (EC) No [1107/2009](#)).

Capsicum oleoresin was not approved as a basic substance because the European Food Safety Authority identified concerns regarding its composition and potential risks to human health ([EFSA 2025](#)). The applicant subsequently withdrew the application. The [European Commission \(2023\)](#) describes basic substances as “certain substances which are not predominantly used as plant protection products [that] may be of value for plant protection, but the economic interest of applying for approval may be limited”.

Timeline

Expiry dates for the substances affected are listed in Table 1. After these dates, the pesticides can no longer be used in the EU.

The European Commission is expected to follow up with proposals to reduce or remove the MRLs for these substances, which will affect their use on crops for export to the EU. Any changes to MRLs are notified to the World Trade Organization Sanitary and Phytosanitary (WTO SPS) Committee, and details will be provided on the AGRINFO website.

What are the major implications for exporting countries?

Decisions not to renew, or to withdraw, EU approvals for the use of certain pesticide active substances mainly affect their use within the EU. However, following a non-renewal or withdrawal of approval, in most cases the EU starts the process of lowering or removing the associated MRLs. These are typically set at 0.01 mg/kg or the LOD. In many circumstances this means that they can no longer be used on crops for export to the EU, and action is needed.

Recommended Actions

Export sectors affected should start looking for alternative crop protection solutions to methoxyfenozide and penthiopyrad, or to assess possible adaptations of good agricultural practices (GAP).

Background

See AGRINFO reports on decisions on pesticide non-renewals, withdrawals, and restrictions in [2023](#), [2024](#), and [2025](#).

Pesticide active substances are approved for a maximum period of 15 years. Manufacturers may apply for reapproval of a substance for a period not more than 15 years. The EU systematically reviews all active substances.

Substances may be:

- not reapproved: if there is insufficient data to permit reapproval, or because the manufacturer does not seek reapproval
- withdrawn: where specific consumer health or environmental issues are identified, sometimes before the normal expiry date
- restricted: where data supports renewal, but only under new specific conditions of use.

Where an authorisation for an active substance is withdrawn, or expires due to withdrawal of approval or non-renewal, the European Commission will prepare a draft measure to delete the relevant existing MRLs. In practice, the Commission starts this procedure once all existing authorisations for that active substance have been revoked. MRLs are set either to a default value of 0.01 mg/kg, or to the lowest limit technically possible using current analytical methods. MRLs based on the Codex MRLs (CXLs) are not deleted where there is no risk to EU consumers, or no global environmental concern. Changes to MRLs that impact trade are always notified to the WTO SPS Committee.

In 2026 the European Commission proposed to remove the standard requirement to re-evaluate pesticides every 10 years: see [Simplification of rules on pesticide MRLs and approvals](#).

The precise timing of changes to MRLs resulting from the withdrawal or non-renewal of active substances is difficult to predict. In its review of pesticide policy, the Commission committed to “enhance communication efforts on the impacts of the PPP [plant protection product] Regulation on MRLs as well as the timing of the various procedures to make the EU system more predictable for non-EU countries, including for the cut-off criteria” ([European Commission 2020](#)).

Import tolerances can be requested in anticipation of potential changes to MRLs (see [Overview table 2009–2026](#)), but applicants must demonstrate the existence of relevant good agricultural practices (GAP) in the country of origin, and the safety of the proposed MRLs. Guidelines are available on the requirements and process for establishing MRLs and import tolerances ([European Commission 2021](#)). However, the possibility to apply for import tolerances for pesticides that are not approved in the EU is currently under review; see [Simplification of rules on pesticide MRLs and approvals](#).

Resources

EFSA (2025) [Overall conclusions on the application for approval of *Capsicum* oleoresin as a basic substance to be used in plant protection as a mammal repellent applied via seed treatment and foliar spray on various crops and seed types](#). EFSA supporting publication, 22(8): EN-9621.

European Commission (2020) [Evaluation of Regulation \(EC\) No 1107/2009 on the placing of plant protection products on the market and of Regulation \(EC\) No 396/2005 on maximum residue levels of pesticides](#).

European Commission (2021) [Technical Guidelines: MRL Setting Procedure in Accordance with Article 6 to 11 of Regulation \(EC\) No 396/2005 and Article 8 of Regulation \(EC\) No 107/2009](#).

European Commission (2023) [Working Document on the procedure for application of basic substances to be approved in compliance with Article 23 of Regulation \(EC\) No 1107/2009](#)

Sources


Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2026/1154](#) as regards the deletion of methoxyfenozide, penthiopyrad and terpenoid blend QRD 460 from the list of active substances approved under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2026/1209](#) concerning the non-approval of *Capsicum* oleoresin as a basic substance

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Table & Figures

Table 1 Latest pesticide non-renewals, withdrawals, and restrictions (2026)			
Active substance	Date of expiry	Legal basis (Regulation)	Status
Methoxyfenozide	31 Mar 2026	2026/1154	Non-renewal: expiration of approval period
Penthiopyrad	31 Oct 2025	2026/1154 2025/2027	Non-renewal: manufacturer no longer supports the application for renewal
Terpenoid blend QRD 460	10 Aug 2025	2026/1154	Non-renewal: no renewal application for this substance



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Source: based on Regulations [2026/1154](#); [2025/2027](#)

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