

THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

# Maximum levels of cadmium in certain foods

Published by AGRINFO on 10 Jan 2024

EU increases maximum levels for cadmium in tiger nuts and certain cultivated fungi

Commission Regulation (EU) <u>2023/1510</u> of 20 July 2023 amending Regulation (EU) 2023/915 as regards maximum levels of cadmium in tiger nuts and certain cultivated fungi

# Update

The EU has increased the maximum levels for cadmium in tiger nuts and certain cultivated fungi to avoid disproportionate non-compliance rates, taking into account the "as low as reasonably achievable" (ALARA) principle.

# Impacted products

Fungi, tiger nuts

# What is changing?

The EU has raised the maximum levels of cadmium for tiger nuts and cultivated fungi other than *Agaricus bisporus.* The changes are highlighted in Table 1.

# Why?

Tiger nuts contain higher concentrations of cadmium than other radishes, and cultivated fungi other than *Agaricus bisporus* contain concentrations of cadmium higher than those present in *A. bisporus*. As contaminant levels are set following the "ALARA" principle, the maximum levels have been adjusted to reflect these higher concentrations.

# Timeline

Date of effect: 10 August 2023.





#### THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

# **Recommended Actions**

Suppliers of these products should regularly monitor the presence of cadmium. Information on recommended methods for sampling and analysis of the levels of cadmium in foodstuffs can be found in Regulation <u>333/2007</u>.

# Background

The maximum level for cadmium in radishes was lowered from 0.10 to 0.020 mg/kg by Regulation (EU) <u>2021/1323</u>, and was also applied to tiger nuts. More recent occurrence data show that tiger nuts contain higher concentrations of cadmium than radishes. However, in view of the low consumption volume of tiger nuts, their contribution to consumer exposure to cadmium is limited.

Regulation (EU) 2021/1323 also lowered the maximum levels for cultivated fungi from 0.20 to 0.050 mg/kg for *Agaricus bisporus*, the most consumed species of this group. The maximum levels for *Lentinula edodes* and *Pleurotus ostreatus* were lowered from 0.20 to 0.15 mg/kg. More recent occurrence data show that some species of cultivated fungi contain higher cadmium concentrations than *A. bisporus*.

Agaricus bisporus, L. edodes, and P. ostreatus are the main fungi consumed in the EU. Other cultivated fungi are less consumed and therefore contribute less to consumer exposure to cadmium.

# Resources

Commission Regulation (EC) No <u>333/2007</u> laying down the methods of sampling and analysis for the control of the levels of trace elements and processing contaminants in foodstuffs

# Sources

Commission Regulation (EU) <u>2023/1510</u> as regards maximum levels of cadmium in tiger nuts and certain cultivated fungi

Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/915 on maximum levels for certain contaminants in food

Visit the <u>AGRINFO website</u> to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.





THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

# Table & Figures

Table 1 Changes to maximum residue levels for cadmium			
Food category	Products	Cadmium (mg/kg)	
		Old MRL (2023/915)	New MRL (2023/1510)
Root and tuber vegetables	Radishes (other than tiger nuts)	0.02	0.02
	Tiger nuts	0.02	0.10
Fungi	Agaricus bisporus	0.05	0.05
	Cultivated fungi other than A. bisporus	0.05	0.15
* Limit of determination.	Magrinfo www.agrinfo.eu	·	·

Source: based on Regulations (EU) 2023/915 and 2023/1510 (prior to amendment by 2023/915)

**Disclaimer**: Under no circumstances shall COLEAD be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of information available on this website or any link to external sites. The use of the website is at the user's sole risk and responsibility. This information platform was created and maintained with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents do not, however, reflect the views of the European Union.

