



Maximum levels of nitrites and nitrates lowered

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Commission Regulation (EU) <u>2023/2108</u> as regards food additives nitrites (E 249–250) and nitrates (E 251–252)

What is changing and why?

The European Union (EU) is lowering the amount of nitrosamines (nitrites and nitrates) that are added to cheese, meat, and fishery products as preservatives and additives. The EU is also reducing the levels of lead, mercury, and arsenic within these nitrites and nitrates. The aim is to ensure levels of these substances are as low as possible while still improving shelf-life and making food safe to eat.

For details relating to cheese, see Table 2; for meat products, see Tables 2–6; and for fishery products, see Table 7.

Timeline

The Regulation was published on 9 October 2023.

The new rules will apply as follows:

- Limits for lead, mercury, and arsenic: The new maximum limits for potassium nitrite (E 249), sodium nitrite (E 250), sodium nitrate (E 251), and potassium nitrate (E 252) apply from 29 October 2023. If food additives that do not comply with new limits were put on the EU market before 29 October, they may be used in food products until 29 April 2024. Foods put on the market before 29 April 2024 that contain non-compliant food additives may be marketed until their use-by date.
- Levels of nitrites/nitrates in food: The new levels will apply for meat and fishery products (see Tables 3–7) from 9 October 2025. For cheese, the application dates depend on the product concerned (see Table 2 for details). Meat, fishery, and cheese products that have been put on the market before these application dates may continue to be marketed until their use-by date.

For more information see the <u>full record</u> on the AGRINFO website – where you can also view the latest <u>AGRINFO Update</u> newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.





Tables & Figures

Table 1 Changes to purity specifications					
Additive	Element	Element Maximum permitted level			
		Current	Proposed		
E 249 potassium nitrite	Arsenic	3	0.1		
	Lead	2	0.1		
	Mercury	1	0.1		
E 250 sodium nitrite	Arsenic	3	0.1		
	Lead	2	0.1		
	Mercury	1	0.1		
E 251 sodium nitrate	Nitrites (expressed as NaNO ₂)	30	10		
	Arsenic	3	0.1		
	Lead	2	0.1		
	Mercury	1	0.1		
E 252 potassium nitrate	Nitrites (expressed as KNO ₂)	20	20		
	Arsenic	3	0.1		
	Lead	2	0.1		
	Mercury	1	0.1		





Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes
04.70 B'				
01.7.2 Ripened				
E 251–252 Nitrates	only hard, semi-hard and semi- soft cheese	Until 9 October 2026	150	(30)
		From 9 October 2026	75 (expressed as NO₃ ion)	(30) (XB)
	only traditional Swedish granular- eyed cheese from Gäsene ripened for a minimum of 11 months	Until 9 October 2027	110	(30) (XA) (XB
	only traditional Swedish cheddar cheese from Kvibille ripened for a minimum of 4 months		110	(30) (XA) (XB
	only traditional Swedish granular- eyed cheese from Falköping ripened for a minimum of 12 months		110	(30) (XA) (XB
01.7.4 Whey ch	neese			
E 251-252	only cheese milk of hard, semi-	Until 9 October 2026	150	(30)
Nitrates	hard and semi-soft cheese	From 9 October 2026	75	(30) (XA) (XB
01.7.6 Cheese	products (excluding those in category	16)		
E 251–252	only hard, semi-hard and semi-	Until 9 October 2026	150	(30)
Nitrates	soft ripened products	From 9 October 2026	75	(30) (XA) (XB
01.8 Dairy anal	logues including beverage whiteners			
E 251-252	only dairy-based cheese analogue	Until 9 October 2025	150	(30)
Nitrates		From 9 October 2025	75	(30) (XA) (XB
Proposed additi (XA) The maximu (XB) In case the re	e milk or equivalent level if added after remo	nufacturing expressed as NO ₃ luct ready for marketing throug	ion. ghout the shelf-life of	the product





	in meat prepa	rations (08.2–08	.3)	
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes
08.2 Meat pre	parations			
E 249-250	only lomo de cerdo adobado,	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7)
Nitrites	pincho moruno, careta de cerdo adobada, costilla de cerdo adobada, Kasseler, Bräte, Surfleisch, toorvorst, šašlõkk, ahjupraad, kietbasa surowa biata, kietbasa surowa metka, tatar wotowy (danie tatarskie) and golonka peklowana	From 9 October 2025	80	(XC) (XD)
08.3.1 Non-he	at–treated meat products			
E 249-250 Nitrites	non-heat-treated meat products	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7)
Mitrites		From 9 October 2025	80	(XC) (XD)
E 251–252 Nitrates	non-heat-treated meat products	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7)
Mitiates		From 9 October 2025	90	(XA) (XE)
	only large bacon primals and dry sausages without nitrites added	From 9 October 2025	110	(XA) (XF)
08.3.2 Heat-tr	reated meat products			
E 249–250 Nitrites	only sterilised meat products	Until 9 October 2025	100	(7) (58) (59)
INITITIES	(F ₀ > 3.00)*	From 9 October 2025	55	(58) (59) (XC) (XG)
E 251-252	except sterilised meat products	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7) (59)
Nitrates	(F ₀ > 3.00)*	From 9 October 2025	80	(59) (XC) (XI

 $^{^{\}star}$ F $_{0}$ is defined as the thermal lethality time required to eliminate all microorganisms present in foods by exposing them to a temperature of 121.1°C, expressed in minutes. This F_0 value is also called the $F_{121.1}$ value.

Existing footnotes:

- (7) Maximum added amount, expressed as NaNO2 or NaNO3.
- $(58) \ F_0 \ value \ 3 \ is \ equivalent \ to \ 3 \ min \ heating \ at \ 121^\circ C \ (reduction \ of \ the \ bacterial \ load \ of \ 1 \ billion \ spores \ in \ each \ 1000 \ cans \ to \ one$ spore in 1000 cans).
- (59) Nitrates may be present in some heat-treated meat products resulting from natural conversion of nitrites to nitrates in a lowacid environment.

- (XA). The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO_3 ion. (XC). The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO_2 ion. (XD). The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product shall not exceed $45 \, \text{mg/kg}$ expressed as NO_2 ion. (XE) In case the residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product
- exceeds 90 mg/kg expressed as NO₃ ion, food business operators shall investigate the reason of this exce
- (XF) In case the residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product exceeds 110 mg/kg expressed as NO $_3$ ion, food business operators shall investigate the reason of this excess.
- (XG) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product shall not exceed 25 mg/kg expressed as NO_2 ion.







	Changes to maximum lev in traditional immersion			
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes
08.3.4.1 Tra	ditional immersion cured products*			
E 249–250 Nitrites	only traditionally cured products	From 9 October 2025	30	(XH)
	only Wiltshire bacon and similar products: Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing for 3 to 10 days. The immersion brine solution also includes microbiological starter cultures	Until 9 October 2025	175	(39)
		From 9 October 2025	105	(XH)
E 251-252	only Wiltshire bacon and similar products:	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing for 3 to 10 days. The immersion brine solution also includes microbiological starter cultures	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249-250	only Wiltshire ham and similar products: Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing for 3 to 10 days. The immersion brine solution also includes microbiological starter cultures	Until 9 October 2025	100	(39)
Nitrites		From 9 October 2025	65	(XH)
E 251-252	only Wiltshire ham and similar products:	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing for 3 to 10 days. The immersion brine solution also includes microbiological starter cultures	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249-250	only entremeada, entrecosto, chispe,	Until 9 October 2025	175	(39)
Nitrites	orelheira e cabeça (salgados), toucinho fumado and similar products: Immersion cured for 3 to 5 days. Product is not heat- treated and has a high water activity	From 9 October 2025	105	(XH)
E 251-252	only entremeada, entrecosto, chispe,	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	orelheira e cabeça (salgados), toucinho fumado and similar products: Immersion cured for 3 to 5 days. Product is not heat- treated and has a high water activity	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249–250 Nitrites	only cured tongue: Immersion cured for at least 4 days and pre-cooked	Until 9 October 2025	50	(39)
E 251-252	only cured tongue: Immersion cured for at	Until 9 October 2025	10	(39) (59)
Nitrates	least 4 days and pre-cooked	From 9 October 2025	7	(59) (XI)
E 249-250	only kylmâsavustettu poronliha/ kallrökt	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7)
Nitrites	renkött: Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing. Curing time is 14 to 21 days followed by maturation in cold-smoke for 4 to 5 weeks	From 9 October 2025	100	(XC) (XJ)



Table 4 continued					
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes	
E 251-252	only kylmâsavustettu poronliha/ kallrökt	Until 9 October 2025	300	(7)	
Nitrates	renkött: Meat is injected with curing solution followed by immersion curing. Curing time is 14 to 21 days followed by maturation in cold-smoke for 4 to 5 weeks	From 9 October 2025	180	(XA) (XK)	
E 249-250	only bacon, filet de bacon and similar	Until 9 October 2025	150	(7)	
5 to 7°C, matured for ty 22°C, possibly smoked	products: Immersion cured for 4 to 5 days at 5 to 7°C, matured for typically 24 to 40 h at 22°C, possibly smoked for 24 h at 20 to 25°C and stored for 3 to 6 weeks at 12 to 14°C	From 9 October 2025	100	(XC) (XJ)	
E 251-252	only bacon, filet de bacon and similar	Until 9 October 2025	250	(7) (40) (59)	
Nitrates	products: Immersion cured for 4 to 5 days at 5 to 7°C, matured for typically 24 to 40 h at 22°C, possibly smoked for 24 h at 20 to 25°C and stored for 3 to 6 weeks at 12 to 14°C	From 9 October 2025	180	(40) (59) (XA) (XK)	
E 249–250 Nitrites	only Rohschinken, nassgepökelt and similar products: Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approximately 2 days/kg followed by stabilisation/ maturation	Until 9 October 2025	50	(39)	
E 251-252	only Rohschinken, nassgepökelt and similar	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39)	
Nitrates	products: Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approximately 2 days/kg followed by stabilisation/ maturation	From 9 October 2025	150	(XI)	

^{*} Meat products cured by immersion in a curing solution containing nitrites and/or nitrates, salt and other components. Existing footnotes:

Proposed additional footnotes:

- (XA) The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO₃ ion.
- (XC) The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO_2 ion.
- (XH) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO_2 ion.
- (XI) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO_3 ion.
- (XJ) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product shall not exceed 50 mg/kg expressed as NO_2 ion.
- (XK) In case the residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product exceeds 95 mg/kg expressed as NO_3 ion, food business operators shall investigate the reason of this excess.





⁽⁷⁾ Maximum added amount, expressed as NaNO₂ or NaNO₃.

⁽³⁹⁾ Maximum residual amount, residue level at the end of the production process, expressed as NaNO₂ or NaNO₃.

⁽⁴⁰⁾ Without added nitrites.

⁽⁵⁹⁾ Nitrates may be present in some heat-treated meat products resulting from natural conversion of nitrites to nitrates in a low-acid environment.



	Changes to maximum lev in traditional dry cure			
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes
08.3.4.2 Tra	ditional dry cured products*			
E 249–250 Nitrites	only traditionally cured products	From 9 October 2025	30	(XH)
E 249-250 Nitrites	only dry cured bacon and similar products: Dry curing followed by maturation for at	Until 9 October 2025	175	(39)
	least 4 days	From 9 October 2025	105	(XH)
E 251-252 Nitrates	only dry cured bacon and similar products: Dry curing followed by maturation for at	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
iviti dites	least 4 days	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249-250 Nitrites	only dry cured ham and similar products: Dry curing followed by maturation for at	Until 9 October 2025	100	(39)
Millites	least 4 days	From 9 October 2025	65	(XH)
E 251-252 Nitrates	only dry cured ham and similar products:	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Miliates	Dry curing followed by maturation for at least 4 days	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249-250 Nitrites	only jamón curado, paleta curada, lomo embuchado y cecina and similar products:	Until 9 October 2025	100	(39)
Nitrites	embuchado y cecina and similar products: Dry curing with a stabilisation period of at least 10 days and a maturation period of more than 45 days	From 9 October 2025	65	(XH)
E 251-252		Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates		From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249-250 Nitrites	only presunto, presunto da pá e paio do	Until 9 October 2025	100	(39)
Nitrites	lombo and similar products: Dry cured for 10 to 15 days followed by a 30 to 45-day stabilisation period and a maturation period of at least 2 months	From 9 October 2025	65	(XH)
E 251–252 Nitrates	only presunto, presunto da pá e paio do	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	lombo and similar products: Dry cured for 10 to 15 days followed by a 30 to 45-day stabilisation period and a maturation period of at least 2 months	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249–250 Nitrites	only Rohschinken, trockengepökelt and similar products: Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approximately 10 to 14 days followed by stabilisation/ maturation	Until 9 October 2025	50	(39)
E 251-252	only Rohschinken, trockengepökelt and	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	similar products: Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approximately 10 to 14 days followed by stabilisation/ maturation	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 251-252	only jambon sec, jambon sel and other	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (40) (59
Nitrates	similar dried cured products: Dry cured for 3 days + 1 day/kg followed by a 1-week post- salting period and an ageing/ ripening period of 45 days to 18 months	From 9 October 2025	150	(40) (59) (XI
surface of the Existing foots (39) Maximum (40) Without a (59) Nitrates n environment.	residual amount, residue level at the end of the produ	uction process, expressed as	NaNO ₂ or NaNO ₃ .	





Proposed additional footnotes:
(RH) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO₂ ion.
(N) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO₂ ion.



	Changes to maximum lev in other traditionally cu			
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes
08.3.4.3 Oth	ner traditional and traditionally cured produc	cts*		
E 249–250 Nitrites	only traditionally cured products	From 9 October 2025	30	(XH)
E 249–250 Nitrites	only Rohschinken, trocken-/ nassgepökelt and similar products: Dry curing and immersion curing used in combination (without injection of curing solution). Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approx. 14 to 35 days followed by stabilisation/ maturation	Until 9 October 2025	50	(39)
E 251–252	only Rohschinken, trocken-/ nassgepökelt and similar products: Dry curing and	Until 9 October 2025	250	(39) (59)
Nitrates	immersion curing used in combination (without injection of curing solution). Curing time depending on the shape and weight of meat pieces for approx. 14 to 35 days followed by stabilisation/ maturation	From 9 October 2025	150	(59) (XI)
E 249–250 Nitrites	only jellied veal and brisket: Injection of curing solution followed, after a minimum of 2 days, by cooking in boiling water for up to 3 hours	Until 9 October 2025	50	(39)
E 251–252	only jellied veal and brisket: Injection of curing solution followed, after a minimum of 2 days, by cooking in boiling water for up to 3 hours	Until 9 October 2025	10	(39) (59)
Nitrates		From 9 October 2025	7	(59) (XI)
E 251-252	only Rohwürste (Salami and Kantwurst):	Until 9 October 2025	300	(40) (7)
Nitrates	Product has a minimum 4-week maturation period and a water / protein ratio of less than 1.7	From 9 October 2025	180	(40) (XA) (XK)
E 251–252 Nitrates	only salchichón y chorizo tradicionales de	Until 9 October 2025	250	(40) (7) (59)
ivitiates	larga curación and similar products: Maturation period of at least 30 days	From 9 October 2025	180	(40) (59) (XA) (XK)



	Table 6 Continued					
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes		
E 249–250 Nitrites	only vysočina, selský salám, turistický	Until 9 October 2025	180	(7)		
Nitrites	trvanlivý salám, poličan, herkules, lovecký salám, dunajská klobása, paprikáš and similar products: Dried product cooked to 70°C followed by 8 to 12-day drying and smoking process. Fermented product subject to 14 to 30-day three-stage fermentation process followed by smoking	From 9 October 2025	105	(XC) (XJ)		
E 249–250 Nitrites	only Svensk julskinka and Svensk leverpastej and similar products: Cured/ uncooked or cooked in its consumer package	From 9 October 2025	100	(XC) (XJ)		
E 249–250 Nitrites	only Mettwurst, Teewurst and similar products: Spreadable, soft, shortripened raw sausages	From 9 October 2025	100	(XC) (XJ)		
E 251-252	only saucisson sec and similar products:	Until 9 October 2025	250	(40) (7) (59)		
Nitrates	Raw fermented dried sausage without added nitrites. Product is fermented at temperatures in the range 18 to 22°C or lower (10 to 12°C) and then has a minimum ageing/ ripening period of 3 weeks. Product has a water / protein ratio of less than 1.7	From 9 October 2025	180	(40) (59) (XA) (XK)		

^{*}Including immersion and dry cured processes used in combination or where nitrite and/or nitrate is included in a compound product or where the curing solution is injected into the product prior to cooking.

Existing footnotes:

- (7) Maximum added amount, expressed as NaNO₂ or NaNO₃.
- (39) Maximum residual amount, residue level at the end of the production process, expressed as NaNO₂ or NaNO₃.
- (40) Without added nitrites.
- (59) Nitrates may be present in some heat-treated meat products resulting from natural conversion of nitrites to nitrates in a low-acid environment.

Proposed additional footnotes:

- (XA) The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO_3 ion. EN 38 EN
- (XC) The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as NO₂ ion.
- (XH) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO_2 ion.
- (XI) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product expressed as NO_3 ion.
- $(XJ)\ The\ maximum\ residual\ amount\ from\ all\ sources\ for\ the\ product\ ready\ for\ marketing\ throughout\ the\ shelf-life\ of\ the\ product\ shall\ not\ exceed\ 50\ mg/kg\ expressed\ as\ NO_2\ ion.$
- (XK) In case the residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product exceeds 95 mg/kg expressed as NO_3 ion, food business operators shall investigate the reason of this excess.







Table 7 Changes to maximum levels of nitrates and nitrites in fishery products (09.2)						
Additive	Product	Period of application	Max. level (mg/l or mg/kg)	Footnotes		
09.2 Processed fi	09.2 Processed fish and fishery products including molluscs and crustaceans					
E 251–252 Nitrates	only pickled herring and sprat	Until 9 October 2025	500	(39) (59)		
Miliates		From 9 October 2025	270	(XA) (XD)		

Existing footnotes:

- (39) Maximum residual amount, residue level at the end of the production process, expressed as NaNO₂ or NaNO₃.
- (59) Nitrates may be present in some heat-treated meat products resulting from natural conversion of nitrites to nitrates in a low-acid environment.

Proposed additional footnotes:

- (XA) The maximum amount that may be added during the manufacturing expressed as $NO_3\, \mathrm{ion}.$
- (XD) The maximum residual amount from all sources for the product ready for marketing throughout the shelf-life of the product shall not exceed 45 mg/kg expressed as NO $_2$ ion.



Source: Regulation 2023/2108, Annex I

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