

Maximum residue levels for cyfluthrin

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EU amends MRLs for cyfluthrin with an impact on certain fruits, vegetables and cereals

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/173](#) of 26 January 2023 amending Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for 1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1H-pyrazole-4-carboxamide (PAM), cycloxydim, cyflumetofen, cyfluthrin, metobromuron and penthiopyrad in or on certain products

Update

The EU has lowered MRLs for cyfluthrin to the lowest limit of analytical detection (LOD: 0.01 – 0.05 mg/kg), on certain fruits (apricots, cherries, grapes, medlars, melons, peaches, plums, quinces, rhubarb, watermelons), vegetables (artichokes, asparagus, bamboo shoots, beans, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cardoons, cauliflowers, celery, Chinese cabbages, courgettes, cucumbers, Florence fennels gherkins, kales, kohlrabi, leeks, lentils, lettuces, okra/lady's fingers, palm hearts, peas, potatoes, pumpkins, purslanes, sweetcorn) cereals (hops, oats, rye) and sugar plants.

Impacted products

grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins, apples, pears, quinces, medlars, loquats, Japanese medlars, apricots, peaches, cherries, plums, table grapes, wine grapes, potatoes, tomatoes, sweet peppers, bell peppers, aubergines, eggplants, okra, lady's fingers, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, pumpkins, watermelons, sweet corn, broccoli, cauliflower, Brussels sprouts, head cabbages, Chinese cabbages, pe-tsai, kales, kohlrabies, lamb's lettuce, corn salad, lettuces, escaroles, broad-leaved endives, cresses, Roman rocket, rucola, red mustards, baby leaf crops, spinaches, chards, beet leaves, grape leaves, watercresses, witloofs, Belgian endives, herbs, edible flowers, purslanes, beans (with pods), beans (without pods), peas (without pods), lentils, peas (with pods), asparagus, cardoons, celeries, Florence fennels, leeks, rhubarbs, bamboo shoots, palm hearts, globe artichokes, linseeds, peanuts, groundnuts, poppy seeds, sesame seeds, sunflower seeds, mustard seeds, pumpkin seeds, safflower seeds, borage seeds, gold of pleasure seeds, hemp seeds, castor beans, rapeseeds, canola seeds, cotton seeds, buckwheat, common millet, proso millet, rice, sorghum, maize, corn, oat, rye, hops, seed spices, bark spices, bud spices, fruit spices, allspice, pimento, Sichuan pepper, caraway, cardamom, juniper berry, peppercorn, vanilla, tamarind, liquorice, turmeric, curcuma, sugar beet roots, sugar canes, chicory roots, animal products, muscle, liver, kidney, edible offals, milk

What is changing?

The EU has amended cyfluthrin MRLs as set out in Table 1.

In addition, the MRLs on tree nuts, berries (except grapes), miscellaneous fruits, root vegetables (except potatoes), bulb vegetables, fungi, algae, pulses and oil fruits have been lowered from 0.02 to 0.01 mg/kg (limit of determination (LOD), the lowest level analytically possible).

The LODs on teas, coffee, herbal infusions, cocoa and carob have been lowered from 0.1 to 0.05 mg/kg.

Why?

[EFSA \(2021\)](#) reviewed the MRLs for cyfluthrin. Although it is no longer approved as an active substance used in plant protection products in the EU, EFSA assessed the MRLs based on Codex Maximum Residue Limits (CXLs) and import tolerances.

EFSA recommended lowering MRLs for some commodities, raising MRLs for others, and maintaining current MRLs for commodities where sufficient data are available on good agricultural practices.

EFSA also identified a possible acute risk for consumers related to the CXL for cauliflower. The MRL was therefore lowered to the default value of 0.01 mg/kg.

The Authority concluded that some information was not available concerning the MRLs for barley and wheat. While these MRLs are considered safe, they will be reviewed within 2 years from the publication of this Regulation.

Timeline

The new MRLs apply from 16 August 2023.

Recommended Actions

Suppliers of certain fruits (apricots, cherries, grapes, medlars, melons, peaches, plums, quinces, rhubarb, watermelons), vegetables (artichokes, asparagus, bamboo shoots, beans, broccoli, Brussels sprouts, cardoons, cauliflowers, celery, Chinese cabbages, courgettes, cucumbers, Florence fennels gherkins, kales, kohlrabi, leeks, lentils, lettuces, okra/lady's fingers, palm hearts, peas, potatoes, pumpkins, purslanes, sweetcorn) cereals (hops, oats, rye) and sugar beet roots should seek alternative solutions to the use of cyfluthrin.

Background

MRLs are set in accordance with the rules set out in Regulation [396/2005](#). For information on current MRLs for other substances, please consult the [EU Pesticide Residues database](#).

Resources

EFSA (2021) [Review of the existing maximum residue levels for Beta-cyfluthrin and Cyfluthrin according to Article 12 of Regulation \(EC\) No 396/2005](#). EFSA Journal, 19(9): 6837.

Sources

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/173](#)

Visit the [AGRINFO website](#) to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and [search](#) the database.

Table & Figures

Table 1 Maximum residue levels for cyfluthrin			
Food category	Products	Cyfluthrin ¹ (mg/kg)	
		Old MRL	New MRL
Citrus fruits	Grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins	0.02*	0.3
Pome fruits	Apples, pears	0.2	0.1
	Quinces, medlars, loquats/ Japanese medlars	0.2	0.01*
Stone fruits	Apricots, peaches	0.3	0.01*
	Cherries, plums	0.2	0.01*
Berries and small fruits	Table grapes, wine grapes	0.3	0.01*
Root and tuber vegetables	Potatoes	0.04	0.01*
Fruiting vegetables	Tomatoes	0.05	0.2
	Sweet peppers/ bell peppers	0.3	0.2
	Aubergines/ eggplants	0.1	0.2
	Okra/ lady's fingers	0.02*	0.01*
	Cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes	0.1	0.01*
	Melons, pumpkins, watermelons, sweet corn	0.02*	0.01*
Brassica vegetables	Broccoli, cauliflowers	0.05	0.01*
	Brussels sprouts	0.2	0.01*
	Head cabbages	0.3	0.08
	Chinese cabbages/ pe-tsai, kales	0.3	0.01*
	Kohlrabies	0.02*	0.01*
Leaf vegetables, herbs and edible flowers	Lamb's lettuce/ corn salad, lettuces, escaroles/ broad-leaved endives, cresses and other sprouts and shoots, land cresses, Roman rocket/ rucola, red mustards, baby leaf crops	1	0.01*
	Spinaches, chards/ beet leaves, grape leaves, watercresses, witloofs/ Belgian endives, herbs and edible flowers	0.02*	0.01*
	Purslanes	0.5	0.01*
Legume vegetables	Beans (with pods)	0.1	0.01*
	Beans (without pods), peas (without pods), lentils	0.05	0.01*
	Peas (with pods)	0.1	0.01*

continued

Table 1
continued

Food category	Products	Cyfluthrin ¹ (mg/kg)	
		Old MRL	New MRL
Stem vegetables	Asparagus, cardoons, celeries, Florence fennels, leeks, rhubarbs, bamboo shoots, palm hearts	0.02*	0.01*
	Globe artichokes	0.2	0.01*
Oilseeds	Linseeds, peanuts/ groundnuts, poppy seeds, sesame seeds, sunflower seeds, mustard seeds, pumpkin seeds, safflower seeds, borage seeds, gold of pleasure seeds, hemp seeds, castor beans	0.02*	0.01*
	Rapeseeds/ canola seeds	0.05	0.07
	Cotton seeds	0.02*	0.7
Cereals	Buckwheat and other pseudocereals, common millet/ proso millet, rice, sorghum	0.02*	0.01*
	Maize/ corn	0.05*	0.01*
	Oat	0.3	0.01*
	Rye	0.4	0.01*
Hops	Hops	20	0.01*
Spices	Seed spices, bark spices, bud spices, flower pistil spices, aril spices	0.1*	0.05*
	Fruit spices (allspice/pimento, Sichuan pepper, caraway, cardamom, juniper berry, peppercorn (black, green and white), vanilla, tamarind	0.1*	0.03
	Liquorice, turmeric/ curcuma	0.1*	0.05
Sugar plants	Sugar beet roots	0.5	0.01*
	Sugar canes, chicory roots	0.02*	0.01*
Commodities from swine/ bovine/ sheep/ goat/ equine/other terrestrial animals	Muscle	0.05	0.01
	Liver, kidney	0.05	0.02
	Edible offals	0.05	0.2
Milk	Horse	0.02	0.01

1 Cyfluthrin including other mixtures of constituent isomers including cyflumetofen-M (sum of isomers).
* Limit of determination.
Shading indicates a decrease in MRL.

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Source: based on Commission Regulation (EU) 2023/173

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