

# Maximum residue levels for etoxazole

*Published by AGRINFO on 05 Mar 2023; Revised 03 Oct 2023*

EU reduces MRLs for etoxazole to 0.01–0.05 mg/kg on all products, with impacts on certain fruits, vegetables, teas, and hops

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/1783](#) of 15 September 2023 amending Annexes II and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for denatonium benzoate, diuron, etoxazole, methomyl and teflubenzuron in or on certain products

## Update

The EU has reduced the maximum residue levels (MRLs) for etoxazole to the limit of determination (LOD, the lowest level that can be detected using the most modern and reliable analytical methods) of 0.01 mg/kg. Where the detection level of 0.01 mg/kg cannot be met due to technical limitations, the MRL is 0.02 or 0.05 mg/kg. There are implications for exporters of certain fruits, vegetables, teas, and hops.

## Impacted products

grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins, apples, pears, quinces, medlars, loquats, Japanese medlars, apricots, peaches, cherries, plums, grapes, strawberries, bananas, tomatoes, aubergines, eggplants, cucumbers, melons, pumpkins, watermelons, basil, edible flowers, teas, hops

## What is changing?

The EU has changed the MRLs for etoxazole as summarised in Table 1.

## Why?

Ettoxazole is no longer permitted for use on edible crops in the EU (approval was renewed only for use on ornamental plants in greenhouses). [EFSA \(2017\)](#) concluded that risks to human health from consuming products treated with ettoxazole could not be excluded.

Codex has established MRLs for etoxazole, but EFSA considered that there was not enough data available to confirm the safety of these MRLs. The existing MRLs for etoxazole have therefore been deleted and set to the LOD. Where the level of 0.01 mg/kg is too low to be detected by currently available analytical methods, the MRL is 0.02 or 0.05 mg/kg.

## Timeline

The new MRLs will apply from 8 April 2024.

## Recommended Actions

Suppliers to the EU market of grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins, apples, pears, quinces, medlars, loquats/ Japanese medlars, apricots, cherries, peaches, plums, grapes, tomatoes, aubergines/ eggplants, melons, pumpkins, watermelons, basil, edible flowers, teas, and hops must find alternative solutions to existing use of etoxazole on these products by April 2024.

Products exported before 8 April 2024 that are still on the market after 8 April **must comply with the new MRLs after that date**. Suppliers exporting products with a longer shelf life must ensure that any products still likely to be on the market after 8 April 2024 comply with the new MRLs.

## Background

MRLs are set in accordance with the rules set out in Regulation [396/2005](#). For information on current MRLs for other substances, please consult the [EU Pesticide Residues database](#).

## Resources


EFSA (2017) [Peer review of the pesticide risk assessment of the active substance etoxazole](#). EFSA Journal, 15(10): 4988.

## Sources

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/1783](#)

Visit the [AGRINFO website](#) to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and [search](#) the database.

## Table & Figures

Table 1 Maximum residue levels for etoxazole			
Food category	Products	Etoxazole (mg/kg)	
		Old MRL	New MRL
Citrus fruits	Grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins	0.1	0.01*
Pome fruits	Apples, pears, quinces, medlars, loquats/ Japanese medlars	0.07	0.01*
Stone fruits	Apricots, peaches	0.1	0.01*
	Cherries	0.3	0.01*
	Plums	0.04	0.01*
Berries and small fruits	Grapes	0.5	0.01*
	Strawberries	0.2	0.01*
Miscellaneous fruits	Bananas	0.2	0.01*
Fruiting vegetables	Tomatoes, aubergines/ eggplants	0.07	0.01*
	Cucumbers	0.02	0.01*
	Melons, pumpkins, watermelons	0.05	0.01*
Herbs and edible flowers	Basil and edible flowers	15	0.02*
Teas	Teas	15	0.05*
Hops	Hops	15	0.05*
* Limit of determination. <div>    <a href="http://www.agrininfo.eu">www.agrininfo.eu</a> </div>			

Source: based on Regulation (EU) [2023/1783](#)

**Disclaimer:** Under no circumstances shall COLEAD be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of information available on this website or any link to external sites. The use of the website is at the user's sole risk and responsibility. This information platform was created and maintained with the financial

*support of the European Union. Its contents do not, however, reflect the views of the European Union.*