Maximum residue levels for fenarimol

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Draft Commission Regulation as regards maximum residue levels for azocyclotin, chlorfenapyr, cyhexatin, diazinon, dicofol, endosulfan, fenarimol, fenpropathrin and profenofos in or on certain products

Draft Annex V

What is changing and why?

The European Union (EU) proposes to reduce the maximum residue levels (MRLs) for fenarimol to the limit of determination (LOD) of 0.01 mg/kg on certain fruits and vegetables including **apricots, cherries, peaches, grapes, strawberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries, bananas, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, watermelons, and hops** (see Table 1). This is because the European Food Safety Authority was unable to complete a risk assessment of this pesticide due to inadequate toxicological data. A reduction of the current LODs on certain other products is also proposed.

Actions

Suppliers to the EU market of apricots, cherries, peaches, grapes, strawberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries, bananas, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, watermelons, and hops should review their existing use of fenarimol and start to look for alternative solutions.

The World Trade Organization consultation on this proposal closed on 25 August 2026.

Timeline

The proposed new MRLs are expected to apply from September 2027.

For more information see the full record on the AGRINFO website – where you can also view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and search the database.

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Tables & Figures

Table 1
Proposed changes to maximum residue levels for fenarimol

Food category	Products	Fenarimol (mg/kg)	
		Existing MRL	Proposed MRL
Citrus fruits	Grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins	0.02*	0.01*
Tree nuts	Almonds, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, chestnuts, coconuts, hazelnuts/cobnuts, macadamias, pecans, pine nut kernels, pistachios, walnuts	0.02*	0.01*
Pome fruits	Apples, pears quinces, medlars, loquats/ Japanese medlars	0.1	0.01*
Stone fruits	Apricots, peaches	0.5	0.01*
	Cherries (sweet)	1.5	0.01*
	Plums	0.02*	0.01*
Berries and small fruits	Table and wine grapes, strawberries	0.3	0.01*
	Raspberries	0.1	0.01*
	Currants, gooseberries	1	0.01*
	Blackberries, dewberries, blueberries, cranberries, rose hips, mulberries (black, white), azaroles/ Mediterranean medlars, elderberries	0.02*	0.01*
Miscellaneous fruits	Bananas	0.2	0.01*
	Dates, figs, table olives, kumquats, carambolas, kaki/Japanese persimmons, jambuls/jambolans, kiwi fruits, litchis/ lychees, passionfruits/maracujas, prickly pears/cactus fruits, star apples/cainitos, American persimmons/ Virginia kaki, avocados, mangoes, papayas, granate apples/ pomegranates, cherimoyas, guavas, pineapples, breadfruits, durians, soursops/ guanabanas	0.02*	0.01*
Root and tuber vegetables	Potatoes, cassava roots/manioc, sweet potatoes, yams, arrowroots, beetroots, carrots, celeriac/turnip rooted celeries, horseradishes, Jerusalem artichokes, parsnips, parsley roots/Hamburg root parsley, radishes, salsifies, swedes/rutabagas, turnips	0.02*	0.01*
Bulb vegetables	Garlic, onions, shallots, spring onions/green onions and Welsh onions	0.02*	0.01*

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Table 1
Continued

Food category	Products	Fenarimol (mg/kg)	
		Existing MRL	Proposed MRL
Fruiting vegetables	Tomatoes, sweet peppers/bell peppers, aubergines/eggplants, okra/ladies fingers, sweetcorn	0.02*	0.01*
	Cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, pumpkins	0.2	0.01*
	Watermelons	0.05	0.01*
Brassica vegetables	Broccoli, cauliflowers, Brussels sprouts, head cabbages, Chinese cabbages/pe-tsai, kales, kohlrabis	0.02*	0.01*
Leaf vegetables	Lamb's lettuces/corn salads, lettuces, escaroles/broad-leaved endives, cresses and other sprouts and shoots, land cresses, Roman rocket/rucola, red mustards, baby leaf crops, spinaches, purslanes, chards/beet leaves, grape leaves, watercresses, witloofs/Belgian endives	0.02*	0.01*
Legume vegetables	Beans (with pods), beans (without pods), peas (with pods), peas (without pods), lentils	0.02*	0.01*
Stem vegetables	Asparagus, cardoons, celeries, Florence fennels, globe artichokes, leeks, rhubarbs, bamboo shoots, palm hearts	0.02*	0.01*
Fungi, mosses, and lichens	Cultivated fungi, wild fungi, mosses, lichens	0.02*	0.01*
Algae and prokaryotes		0.02*	0.01*
Pulses	Beans, lentils, lupins/lupini beans	0.02*	0.01*
Oilseeds	Linseeds, peanuts/groundnuts, poppy seeds, sesame seeds, sunflower seeds, rapeseeds/canola seeds, soyabeans, mustard seeds, cotton seeds, pumpkin seeds, safflower seeds, borage seeds, gold of pleasure seeds, hemp seeds, castor beans, other oilseeds	0.02*	0.01*
Oil fruits	Olives for oil production, oil palm kernels and fruits, kapok	0.02*	0.01*
Cereals	Barley, buckwheat, and other pseudocereals, maize/corn, common millet/proso millet, oats, rice, rye, sorghum, wheat	0.02*	0.01*
Hops		5	0.05*
Sugar plants	Sugar beet roots, sugar canes, chicory roots	0.02*	0.01*
Products of animal origin	Swine, cattle, sheep, goat, horse, poultry, other farmed terrestrial animals	0.02*	0.01*
	Milk (cattle, sheep, goat, horse)	0.02*	0.01*
	Birds' eggs (chicken, duck, goose, quail)	0.02*	0.01*
Amphibians and reptiles		0.02*	0.01*
Terrestrial invertebrate animals		0.02*	0.01*
Wild terrestrial vertebrate animals		0.02*	0.01*

* Limit of determination (LOD).

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Source: based on Draft Annex V

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