



### Maximum residue levels for fenarimol

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<u>Draft</u> Commission Regulation as regards maximum residue levels for azocyclotin, chlorfenapyr, cyhexatin, diazinon, dicofol, endosulfan, fenarimol, fenpropathrin and profenofos in or on certain products

**Draft Annex** 

## What is changing and why?

The European Union (EU) is discussing the reduction of fenarimol maximum residue levels (MRLs) on certain fruits and vegetables to 0.01 mg/kg. There will be impacts on apricots, cherries, peaches, grapes, strawberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries, bananas, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, watermelons, and hops (see Table 1). This is because the European Food Safety Authority was unable to complete a risk assessment of this pesticide.

#### **Actions**

Suppliers to the EU market of apricots, cherries, peaches, grapes, strawberries, raspberries, currants, gooseberries, bananas, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, watermelons, and hops should review their existing use of fenarimol and start to identify alternative pesticides.

#### **Timeline**

This Regulation is still under discussion. It is expected that new MRLs will apply from late 2026 or early 2027.

For more information see the <u>full record</u> on the AGRINFO website – where you can also view the latest <u>AGRINFO Update</u> newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.



THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

# **Tables & Figures**

| maximum residue levels <sup>[1]</sup> |  |                   |              |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------|--|
| Food category                         | Products   | Fenarimol (mg/kg) |              |  |
|                                       |  | Existing MRL      | Proposed MRL |  |
| Citrus fruits                         | Grapefruits, oranges, lemons, limes, mandarins   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Tree nuts                             | Almonds, Brazil nuts, cashew nuts, chestnuts, coconuts, hazelnuts/cobnuts, macadamias, pecans, pine nut kernels, pistachios, walnuts   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Pome fruits                           | Apples, pears quinces, medlars, loquats/<br>Japanese medlars   | 0.1               | 0.01*        |  |
| Stone fruits                          | Apricots, peaches  | 0.5               | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Cherries (sweet)   | 1.5               | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Plums  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Berries and small fruits              | Table and wine grapes, strawberries  | 0.3               | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Raspberries  | 0.1               | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Currants, gooseberries   | 1                 | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Blackberries, dewberries, rose hips,<br>mulberries (black, white), azaroles/<br>Mediterranean medlars, elderberries  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Miscellaneous fruits                  | Bananas  | 0.2               | 0.01*        |  |
|                                       | Dates, figs, table olives, kumquats, carambolas, kaki/Japanese persimmons, jambuls/jambolans, kiwi fruits, litchis/ lychees, passionfruits/maracujas, prickly pears/cactus fruits, star apples/cainitos, American persimmons/ Virginia kaki, avocados, bananas, mangoes, papayas, granate apples/ pomegranates, cherimoyas, guavas, pineapples, breadfruits, durians, soursops/ guanabanas | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Root and tuber<br>vegetables          | Potatoes, cassava roots/manioc, sweet potatoes, yams, arrowroots, beetroots, carrots, celeriac/turnip rooted celeries, horseradishes, Jerusalem artichokes, parsnips, parsley roots/Hamburg root parsley, radishes, salsifies, swedes/rutabagas, turnips   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Bulb vegetables                       | Garlic, onions, shallots, spring onions/green onions and Welsh onions  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |



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| Table 1<br>Continued       |  |                   |              |  |
|----------------------------|--|-------------------|--------------|--|
| Food category              | Products   | Fenarimol (mg/kg) |              |  |
|                            |  | Existing MRL      | Proposed MRI |  |
| Fruiting vegetables        | Tomatoes, sweet peppers/bell peppers, aubergines/eggplants, okra/ladies fingers, sweetcorn   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
|                            | Cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, pumpkins  | 0.2               | 0.01*        |  |
|                            | Watermelons  | 0.05              | 0.01*        |  |
| Brassica vegetables        | Broccoli, cauliflowers, Brussels sprouts,<br>head cabbages, Chinese cabbages/pe-tsai,<br>kales, kohlrabis  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Leaf vegetables            | Lamb's lettuces/corn salads, lettuces, escaroles/broad-leaved endives, cresses and other sprouts and shoots, land cresses, Roman rocket/rucola, red mustads, baby leaf crops, spinaches, purslanes, chards/beet leaves, grape leaves, watercresses, witloofs/Belgian endives | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Legume vegetables          | Beans (with pods), beans (without pods),<br>peas (with pods), peas (without pods),<br>lentils  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Stem vegetables            | Asparagus, cardoons, celeries, Florence<br>fennels, globe artichokes, leeks, rhubarbs,<br>bamboo shoots, palm hearts   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Fungi, mosses, and lichens | Cultivated fungi, wild fungi, mosses, lichens  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Algae and prokaryotes      |  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Pulses                     | Beans, lentils, lupins/lupini beans  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Oilseeds                   | Linseeds, peanuts/groundnuts, soybeans, castor beans, seeds of: poppy, sesame, sunflower, rapeseed/canola, mustard, pumpkin, safflower, borage, gold of pleasure, hemp   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Oil fruits                 | Olives for oil production, oil palm kernels and fruits, kapok  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Cereals                    | Barley, buckwheat, and other pseudocereals, maize/corn, common millet/proso millet, oats, rice, rye, sorghum, wheat  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Hops                       |  | 5                 | 0.05*        |  |
| Sugar plants               | Sugar beet roots, sugar canes, chicory roots   | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
| Products of animal origin  | Swine, cattle, sheep, goats, horse, poultry, other farmed terrestrial animals  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
|                            | Milk (cattle, sheep, goat, horse)  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |
|                            | Bird eggs (chicken, ducks, geese, quails)  | 0.02*             | 0.01*        |  |

<sup>\*</sup> Limit of determination (LOD).



Source: based on PLAN/2025/1425 Rev0



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