

THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

Maximum residue levels for fuberidazole

Published by AGRINFO on 09 Jan 2025

<u>Draft</u> Commission Regulation amending Annexes II, III and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for chlorpropham, fuberidazole, ipconazole, methoxyfenozide, S-metolachlor and triflusulfuron in or on certain products

Draft Annex (PLAN/2024/1823_v1)

What is changing and why?

Fuberidazole is no longer permitted for use in the European Union, therefore the EU proposes to set all maximum residue levels (MRLs) for fuberidazole at the product-specific limits of determination (LODs). The LOD on some cereals (wheat, rye, oats, and barley) will be lowered from 0.05 to 0.01 mg/kg. (The LOD is the lowest level that can be detected using the most modern and reliable analytical methods.)

Actions

Competent authorities of non-EU countries that are WTO members may comment on the EU proposal by emailing the <u>EU SPS Enquiry Point</u> until **14 February 2025** (<u>G/SPS/N/EU/802</u>).

Timeline

The new MRLs will apply from approximately March 2026 – the precise date will be known once the Regulation is published.

For more information see the <u>full record</u> on the AGRINFO website – where you can also view the latest <u>AGRINFO Update</u> newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.

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