

# Maximum residue levels for triadimenol

*Published by AGRINFO on 30 Nov 2022; Revised 07 Mar 2023*

EU reduces MRLs for triadimenol to the limit of determination on a range of fruits, vegetables, cereals, hops, and sugar plant products

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/377](#) of 15 February 2023 amending Annexes II, III, IV and V to Regulation (EC) No 396/2005 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards maximum residue levels for benzalkonium chloride (BAC), chlorpropham, didecyldimethylammonium chloride (DDAC), flutriafol, metazachlor, nicotine, profenofos, quizalofop-P, sodium aluminium silicate, thiabendazole and triadimenol in or on certain products

## Update

The European Commission has reduced the MRLs for triadimenol to the limit of determination (LOD, the lowest level that can be detected using the most modern and reliable analytical methods) of 0.01–0.05 mg/kg on a range of fruits, vegetables, cereals, hops, and sugar beet roots.

## Impacted products

apples, table grapes, wine grapes, strawberries, blueberries, currants, gooseberries, swedes, rutabagas, turnips, tomatoes, aubergines, eggplants, sweet peppers, bell peppers, cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes, melons, pumpkins, watermelons, rye, wheat, hops, sugar beet roots

## What is changing?

The changes to triadimenol MRLs are set out in Table 1. For many products, the MRLs are reduced to the LOD.

## Why?

Approval for the use of triadimenol in the EU expired on 31 August 2019.

Codex MRLs (CXLs) have been established for cucurbits with inedible peel, globe artichokes and grapes. However, either these CXLs were not fully supported by data in the view of EFSA, or the residue definition was not compatible with the EU definition. MRLs were therefore reduced to

the limit of determination on all products.

## Timeline

New MRLs for triadimenol will apply from 14 September 2023.

## Recommended Actions

Suppliers of fruit, vegetables, rye, wheat, hops, and sugar beet roots currently using triadimenol should seek alternative substances or solutions.

## Background

MRLs are set in accordance with the rules set out in Regulation [396/2005](#). For information on current MRLs for other substances, please consult the [EU Pesticide Residues database](#).


## Sources

Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/377](#)

## Table & Figures

Table 1 Maximum residue levels for triadimenol			
Food category	Products	Triadimenol <sup>1</sup> (mg/kg)	
		Old MRL	New MRL
Pome fruits	Apples	0.2	0.01*
Berries and small fruits	Table/wine grapes	0.3	0.01*
	Strawberries	0.5	0.01*
	Blueberries, currants, gooseberries	0.9	0.01*
Root and tuber vegetables	Swedes/rutabagas, turnips	0.3	0.01*
Fruiting vegetables	Tomatoes, aubergines/eggplants	0.3	0.01*
	Sweet peppers/bell peppers	0.5	0.01*
	Cucumbers, gherkins, courgettes	0.15	0.01*
	Melons, pumpkins, watermelons	0.2	0.01*
Stem vegetables	Globe artichokes	0.7	0.01*
Cereals	Rye, wheat	0.1	0.01*
Hops		15	0.05*
Sugar plants	Sugar beet roots	0.1	0.01*

<sup>1</sup> Any ratio of constituent isomers.  
 \* Limit of determination.  
 Source: based on SANTE/10090/2022 Rev. 5


  
 www.agrinfo.eu

Source: Commission Regulation (EU) [2023/377](#)

**Disclaimer:** *Under no circumstances shall COLEAD be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of information available on this website or any link to external sites. The use of the website is at the user's sole risk and responsibility. This information platform was created and maintained with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents do not, however, reflect the views of the European Union.*