

Novel food: Rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I)

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EU authorises rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I) as a novel food

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2026/1306](#) of 11 June 2026 authorising the placing on the market of rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I) as a novel food and amending Implementing Regulation (EU) 2017/2470

Update

The European Union (EU) has authorised the use of rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I) as a novel food under specified conditions of use, in several categories including food supplements, foods for special medical purposes, diet foods, and processed cereals, among others.

Impacted products

Food supplements, foods for special medical purposes, total diet replacement for weight control, meal replacement for weight control, processed cereal-based food and baby food for infants and young children, muesli and similar mixed breakfast cereals, cereal bars, fruit-based drinks, biscuits, rusks and cookies, soups and soup concentrates, flavoured milk-based drinks, yogurt-based drinks, milk analogues, cream analogues, cheese analogues, yogurt analogues.

What is changing?

The European Union (EU) has authorised the use of rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I) as a novel food.

The authorisation applies to several food categories, including:

- food supplements for the general population above 3 years old: maximum 1,500 mg per day
- total diet replacement for weight control: maximum 1,500 mg per day
- meal replacement for weight control: maximum 500 mg per meal
- certain cereals, cereal bars, biscuits, soups, milk-based drinks, yogurt drinks, dairy analogues, and baby foods, with specific maximum levels set for each category.

See Table 1 for more details.

The EU requires this novel food to be labelled as “Rhamnogalacturonan-I carrot extract”. Food supplements containing it must indicate that they should not be consumed by children under 3 years of age.

Only the company that applied for authorisation, NutriLeads B.V., is authorised to put products containing cRG-I on the EU market over the next 5 years, unless it grants permission or another applicant obtains a separate authorisation based on independent data.

Why?

The European Food Safety Authority has concluded that cRG-I is safe under the proposed conditions of use ([EFSA 2025](#)). However, the European Commission changed the proposed name from “carrot fibre” to “carrot extract” because EFSA did not assess whether the material meets the legal definition of dietary fibre under Regulation [1169/2011](#). The term “fibre” is avoided because it could be misleading to consumers.

Timeline

This novel food may be placed on the EU market from **2 July 2026**.

Background

This Regulation updates the Annex to Regulation [2017/2470](#) which lists authorised novel foods (see the [Union list of novel foods](#)). For further information on the EU novel foods authorisation process, see [Novel foods explained](#).

Resources

EFSA (2025) [Safety of rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot fibre \(cRG-I\) as a novel food pursuant to Regulation \(EU\) 2015/2283](#). EFSA Journal, 23(7): e9537.

Directive [2002/46/EC](#) on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to food supplements.


Council Directive [2001/112/EC](#) relating to fruit juices and certain similar products intended for human consumption.

Sources

Regulation (EU) [2026/1306](#) authorising the placing on the market of rhamnogalacturonan-I enriched carrot extract (cRG-I) as a novel food

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Table & Figures

Table 1 Products authorised to contain cRG-I as a novel food ¹	
Specified food category	Maximum levels
Food supplements for adults	1,500 mg/day for the general population above 3 years of age
Foods for special medical purposes	In accordance with the particular nutritional requirements of the persons for whom the products are intended
Total diet replacement for weight control	1,500 mg/day
Meal replacement for weight control for adults	500 mg/meal
Processed cereal-based food and baby food for infants and young children	In accordance with the particular nutritional requirements of infants and young children, and with a maximum of 625 mg/100 ml (for beverages) and 450 mg/100 g (meals)
Muesli and similar mixed breakfast cereals	5,000 mg/100 g
Cereal bars	3,750 mg/100 g
Fruit-based drinks ²	500 mg/100 ml
Biscuits, rusks, and cookies	3,750 mg/100 g
Soups and soup concentrates	750 mg/100 ml
Flavoured milk-based drinks	750 mg/100 g
Yogurt-based drinks	750 mg/100 g
Milk analogues	750 mg/100 g
Cream analogues	10,000 mg/100 g
Cheese analogues	3,750 mg/100 g
Yogurt analogues	1,200 mg/100 g
1. Amendments to Implementing Regulation 2017/2470 (Annex). 2. Except products defined in Directive 2001/112/EC, Annex I, part I.	
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Source: Regulation (EU) [2026/1306](#)

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