

THE LATEST ON EU AGRI-FOOD POLICIES IMPACTING LOW-INCOME & MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

# **Organic winemaking practices**

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EU approves production of organic de-alcoholised wine

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) <u>2025/405</u> of 13 December 2024 amending Regulation (EU) 2018/848 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards oenological practices

## Update

The European Union (EU) has added de-alcoholisation to the processes that are permitted in organic production. This allows the marketing of organic de-alcoholised wine in the EU.

### **Impacted products**

Wine

## What is changing?

The process used to produce de-alcoholised wine – partial vacuum evaporation and distillation – has been added to the list of processes that may be used in organic production (Regulation <u>2018/848</u>). This allows de-alcoholised wine to be sold as an organic product.

The process must comply with the detailed requirements set out in Part VI of Annex II to Regulation <u>2018/848</u> (which is revised by this new Regulation):

- alcoholic strength by volume must not exceed 0.5% volume
- the temperature used must not exceed 75°C
- the size of pores for filtration must not be smaller than 0.2 μm
- the distillation must be used under vacuum.





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# Why?

De-alcoholised wine has become a recognised product of the wine sector (under Regulation 2021/2117). The use of vacuum distillation to produce de-alcoholised wine was evaluated by the Expert Group for Technical Advice on Organic Production (EGTOP). EGTOP recommended its inclusion as a permitted organic practice, exclusively for the production of totally de-alcoholised wine (not exceeding 0.5% alcoholic strength).

## Timeline

Date of effect: 18 March 2025.

## Background

Regulation <u>2018/848</u> establishes rules on the production and labelling of organic products, including the winemaking (oenological) practices, processes, and treatments that may be used in organic production (Annex II, Part VI, Section 3.3).

Prior to Regulation <u>2025/405</u>, de-alcoholised wine could not be produced organically because the de-alcoholisation processes were not permitted under organic production rules.

For further information on organic production, see <u>New EU Organic Regulation explained</u>.

### Resources

Regulation <u>2018/848</u> on organic production and labelling of organic products

Regulation <u>1308/2013</u> establishing a common organisation of the markets in agricultural products

### Sources

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) <u>2025/405</u> as regards oenological practices

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