

Processing aids for yeast fermentation in reduced-sugar fruit juices

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EU proposes to amend rules on processing aids for yeast fermentation in reduced-sugar fruit juices

[Draft](#) Commission Delegated Regulation amending Council Directive 2001/112/EC as regards processing aids for yeast fermentation [download]

Update

The European Commission has published a proposal to authorise sodium citrate, diammonium phosphate, yeast autolysate, and thiamine hydrochloride as processing aids in yeast fermentation used to produce reduced-sugar fruit juices, and to set maximum quantities for these substances.

Competent authorities of countries that are members of the World Trade Organization (WTO) can send feedback until **20 July 2026** ([G/TBT/N/EU/1210](#)). Feedback via the Commission's [Have your say](#) platform closed on 26 May 2026.

Impacted products

Reduced-sugar fruit juices

What is changing?

The European Union (EU) proposes to authorise specific processing aids for the production of reduced-sugar fruit juices and similar products using yeast fermentation, amending Directive [2001/112/EC](#).

Reduced-sugar fruit juice may be produced using authorised sugar-reduction processes, including:

- membrane filtration
- yeast fermentation.

When yeast fermentation is used, processing aids may improve the fermentation process and the quality of the final reduced-sugar juice, reducing their naturally occurring sugar content by at least 30% while maintaining the essential characteristics of the original fruit juice. These aids are used for:

- yeast rehydration, to activate dry yeast before fermentation
- yeast nutrition, to help yeast ferment sugars effectively.

Table 1 lists the substances and maximum quantities that will be authorised for use in producing reduced-sugar fruit juices, which will be added to Directive [2001/112/EC](#) (Annex I, Part II, point 3).

Why?

The proposal gives manufactures and consumers legal clarity on what processing aids may be used to produce reduced-sugar fruit juices. The processing aids sodium citrate, diammonium phosphate, yeast autolysate, and thiamine hydrochloride will be authorised for use in the yeast fermentation process.

Timeline

The Regulation is expected to be published in the third quarter of 2026, and will apply 20 days after its publication.

Recommended Actions

Competent authorities of countries that are members of the WTO can submit comments on the EU's proposal by emailing the [EU SPS Enquiry Point](#) until **20 July 2026** ([G/TBT/N/EU/1210](#)).

Feedback via the European Commission's [Have your say](#) platform closed on 26 May 2026.

Background

Directive [2001/112/EC](#) lays down EU rules for fruit juices and similar products intended for human consumption, including definitions, authorised ingredients, treatments, and substances. It was amended by Directive [2024/1438](#), which updated several “breakfast directives” covering honey, fruit juices, jams, and dehydrated milk products. For fruit juices, this amendment introduced new categories of reduced-sugar fruit juices and established the authorised processes for reducing naturally occurring sugars, namely membrane filtration and yeast fermentation.

This new Regulation further clarifies the processing aids that may be used when reduced-sugar fruit juices are produced through yeast fermentation.

Resources

Council Directive [2001/112/EC](#) relating to fruit juices and certain similar products intended for human consumption


Directive (EU) [2024/1438](#) amending Council Directives 2001/110/EC relating to honey, 2001/112/EC relating to fruit juices and certain similar products intended for human consumption, 2001/113/EC relating to fruit jams, jellies and marmalades and sweetened chestnut purée intended for human consumption, and 2001/114/EC relating to certain partly or wholly dehydrated preserved milk for human consumption

Sources

[Draft](#) Commission Delegated Regulation amending Council Directive 2001/112/EC as regards processing aids for yeast fermentation [download]

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Table & Figures

Table 1 Substances proposed for authorisation as processing aids in producing reduced-sugar fruit juices		
Purpose	Processing aid	Maximum quantity (ppm)
Yeast rehydration	Sodium citrate	20
Yeast nutrition	Diammonium phosphate (DAP)	1,000
	Yeast autolysate	<i>Quantum satis</i> *
	Thiamine hydrochloride	0.6
* <i>Quantum satis</i> : no fixed maximum level is set, but the substance must be used only at the level necessary to achieve the intended technological effect.		
 www.agrinfo.eu		

Source: based on [Draft](#) Regulation

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