

# Register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications

*Published by AGRINFO on 22 Jul 2024*

Latest updates to the EU register of Protected Designations of Origin (PDO) and Protected Geographical Indications (PGI)

Commission Implementing Regulations (EU) [2024/1850](#), [2024/1871](#), [2024/1887](#), [2024/1889](#), [2024/1891](#), [2024/1899](#), [2024/1947](#)

## Update

New PDOs have been entered in the EU geographical indications register ([eAmbrosia](#)) for certain peaches, peanuts, and polyfloral honey from Türkiye, and for certain peppercorns from Indonesia.

An application has also been received from Türkiye for registration in [eAmbrosia](#) of a coffee substitute produced from seeds of terebinth or turpentine trees.

Appellations of Origin for figs and olive oil from Tunisia have been registered in the International System of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications ([Lisbon](#)), and are now granted protection in the EU.

## Impacted products

Figs, honey, olive oil, peaches, peanuts, peppercorns

## What is changing?

The following product names have been entered in the EU geographical indications register ([eAmbrosia](#)):

- ‘Osmaniye Yer Fıstığı’ as a protected designation of origin for a type of peanut (*Arachis hypogaea* subsp. *hypogaea* var. *hypogaea*) produced within seven districts of Osmaniye Province, Türkiye (C/2024/817)
- ‘Bursa İftalisi’ as a protected designation of origin for fresh fruit of peach (*Prunus persica*) varieties ‘J.H. Hale’ and ‘Glohaven’ from the geographical area delimited for its production in the villages of certain districts of Bursa province, Türkiye (C/2024/1346)

- ‘Bingöl Balı’ as a protected designation of origin for polyfloral honey from all villages and towns within Bingöl province, Eastern Anatolia, Türkiye (C/2024/1595)
- ‘Lada Putih Muntok’ as a protected designation of origin for peppercorns from Bangka Belitung Islands Province, Indonesia (C/2024/1908).

The following application for registration in [eAmbrosia](#) has been received by the European Commission and published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*:

- ‘Gaziantep Menengiç Kahvesi/ Gaziantep Melengiç Kahvesi’, a coffee substitute produced from roasted and ground seeds of terebinth or turpentine trees (*Pistacia terebinthus*) that grow in mountainous regions of Gaziantep province, Türkiye (C/2024/4505).

The following appellations have been registered in the [Lisbon](#) System and notified to the EU on 27 September 2023, and are now granted protection in the EU:

- ‘Figues de Djebba’ as Appellation of Origin for figs originating from Tunisia (C/2023/431)
- ‘Huile d’Olive Téboursouk’ for olive oil originating from Tunisia (C/2023/430).

See Table 1 for details.

## Why?

No reasoned statement of opposition under Regulation (EU) [1151/2012](#) has been received within the relevant time period against the products entered in eAmbrosia (peaches, peanuts, and polyfloral honey from Türkiye; peppercorns from Indonesia).

The Commission did not receive any opposition against EU protection of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications for figs and olive oil from Tunisia that were entered in the [Lisbon](#) System within 4 calendar months after publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union* (published on 20 October 2023).

Statements of opposition against registration of the name ‘Gaziantep Menengiç Kahvesi/ Gaziantep Melengiç Kahvesi’ from Türkiye can still be lodged with the Commission within 3 calendar months from publication in the *Official Journal* on 11 July 2024.

## Timeline

Date of effect:

- Appellation of Origin for Huile d’Olive Téboursouk: 25 July 2024
- Appellation of Origin for Figues de Djebba: 31 July 2024

- Registry of the name of peppercorns 'Lada Putih Muntok' (PDO): 25 July 2024
- Registry of the name of peanut 'Osmaniye Yer Fıstığı' (PDO) and polyfloral honey 'Bingöl Balı' (PDO): 30 July 2024
- Registry of the name of peach 'Bursa Nektarisi' (PDO): 4 August 2024.

Opposition against entry in eAmbrosia of the name 'Gaziantep Menengiç Kahvesi/ Gaziantep Melengiç Kahvesi' for a coffee substitute from Türkiye produced from seeds of terebinth or turpentine trees may be lodged with the Commission within 3 calendar months from 11 July 2024.

## Recommended Actions

Objections against a name to be entered in the EU geographical indications register ([eAmbrosia](#)) can be communicated to the European Commission within 3 months from the date of publication in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

Objections against protection within the territory of the European Union of a name registered in WIPO's [Lisbon](#) System can be communicated to the Commission within 4 months from the date of publication in the *Official Journal*.

## Background

### European Commission

Applications for registration of Protected Designation of Origin (PDO) and Protected Geographical Indication (PGI) received by the European Commission are published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*.

If no statement of opposition has been received by the Commission within a 3 month period, the PDO/PGI is entered in the EU geographical indications register ([eAmbrosia](#)) and granted protection in the EU (Regulation [2024/1143](#)).

### World Intellectual Property Organization

The World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO) notifies the European Union of entries in its International System of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications ([Lisbon](#)) in accordance Regulation [2019/1753](#).

These notices are then published in the *Official Journal of the European Union*. Stakeholders can oppose the protection of a name within EU territory by lodging an objection with the European Commission within 4 calendar months from the date of publication, by emailing

[AGRI-GEOGRAPHICAL-INDICATIONS@ec.europa.eu](mailto:AGRI-GEOGRAPHICAL-INDICATIONS@ec.europa.eu).

Notifications may be consulted in WIPO's [Lisbon Express Database](#).

## Resources

European Commission: [Geographical indications and quality schemes explained](#)

Publication of an application for registration of a name pursuant to Article 50(2)(a) of Regulation (EU) No 1151/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council on quality schemes for agricultural products and foodstuffs [C/2024/817](#), [C/2024/1346](#), [C/2024/1595](#), [C/2024/1908](#), [C/2024/4505](#)

Publication of the entry in the International Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications of Huile d'Olive TébourSouk pursuant to Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 [C/2023/430](#)

Publication of the entry in the International Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications of Figues de Djebba pursuant to Article 4(1) of Regulation (EU) 2019/1753 [C/2023/431](#)

Regulation (EU) [2019/1753](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2019 on the action of the Union following its accession to the Geneva Act of the Lisbon Agreement on Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications

Regulation (EU) [2024/1143](#) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 11 April 2024 on geographical indications for wine, spirit drinks and agricultural products, as well as traditional specialties guaranteed and optional quality terms for agricultural products

## Sources

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1850](#) of 4 July 2024 granting protection in the Union to the Appellation of Origin Huile d'Olive TébourSouk registered in the International Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications of the Geneva Act

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1871](#) of 28 June 2024 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Lada Putih Muntok (PDO))

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1887](#) of 2 July 2024 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Espárrago verde de Guadalajara (PGI))

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1889](#) of 3 July 2024 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Osmaniye Yer Fıstığı (PDO))


Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1891](#) of 3 July 2024 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Bingöl Balı (PDO))

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1899](#) of 4 July 2024 granting protection in the Union to the Appellation of Origin Figues de Djebba registered in the International Register of Appellations of Origin and Geographical Indications of the Geneva Act

Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) [2024/1947](#) of 8 July 2024 entering a name in the register of protected designations of origin and protected geographical indications (Bursa Keftalisi (PDO))

Visit the [AGRINFO website](#) to view the latest AGRINFO Update newsletters and [search](#) the database.

## Table & Figures

Table 1 Protected Appellations / Designations of Origin (PAO / PDO)			
Origin	Products	PAO / PDO	Status
Tunisia	دجبة تين / Djebba Fig	Djebba imada, Béja Governorate, Tibbar delegation (PAO)	Protected in EU
	تبرسوق زيتون زيت / Teboursouk Olive Oil	Zeldou mountain (N), Chid mountain (SE), Thibar relief (NW and SW) (PAO)	Protected in EU
Türkiye	Peaches ‘Bursa Şeftalisi’	Bursa Province (PDO)	Registered
	Peanuts ‘Osmaniye Yer Fıstığı’	Osmaniye Province (PDO)	Registered
	Polyfloral honey ‘Bingöl Balı’	Bingöl Province, Eastern Anatolia (PDO)	Registered
	Coffee substitute ‘Gaziantep Menengiç Kahvesi / Gaziantep Melengiç Kahvesi’	Gaziantep province (PDO)	Published
Indonesia	Peppercorns ‘Lada Putih Muntok’	Bangka Belitung Islands Province (PDO)	Registered
 <a href="http://www.agrinfo.eu">www.agrinfo.eu</a>			

**Disclaimer:** Under no circumstances shall COLEAD be liable for any loss, damage, liability or expense incurred or suffered that is claimed to have resulted from the use of information available on this website or any link to external sites. The use of the website is at the user’s sole risk and responsibility. This information platform was created and maintained with the financial support of the European Union. Its contents do not, however, reflect the views of the European Union.