

Reports on non-compliance with EU food law and agri-food fraud: March 2025

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European Commission: March 2025 Report on Agri-Food Fraud Suspicions

What is changing and why?

The European Commission publishes monthly overviews of foods not compliant with EU food law, including potentially fraudulent practices identified and reported by EU Member State authorities. The Commission compiles these overviews of non-compliance based on information from the EU's Rapid Alert System for Food and Feed Network (RASFF), Administrative Assistance and Cooperation Network (AAC), and Agri-Food Fraud Network (FFN). These monthly overviews help agri-food exporters and competent authorities in non-EU countries to monitor and address risks that may affect trade.

The March 2025 report includes notifications involving the following 30 AGRINFO <u>partner countries</u>: Afghanistan, Algeria, Bangladesh, Bosnia and Herzegovina, China, Colombia, Egypt, El Salvador, India, Iran, Jordan, Kenya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Mauritius, Mexico, Moldova, Morocco, Pakistan, Philippines, Senegal, Sri Lanka, Syria, Thailand, Türkiye, Ukraine, Uganda, Uzbekistan, Venezuela, Vietnam.

See Tables 1-3 for details.

Actions

Competent authorities in countries that are included in these monthly overviews should pay attention to any non-compliances identified in the reports. It is particularly important that the producers/export companies concerned are informed as soon as possible so that they can take action and prevent a recurrence. These incidents also potentially indicate a more widespread problem that may require a coordinated response by the food sector in the country concerned.

Timeline

These reports are issued every month.

For more information see the <u>full record</u> on the AGRINFO website – where you can also view the latest <u>AGRINFO Update</u> newsletters and <u>search</u> the database.





Tables & Figures

Country	Products	Issue	Classification
Afghanistan	Dried apricots	Sulphur dioxide (E 220)	Undeclared enhancement
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Wine	Sulphur dioxide (E 220)	Not compliant with EU maximum levels (MLs)
China / Mexico	Various food products	Titanium dioxide (E 171), Allura Red (E 129), Sunset Yellow FCF (E 110), tartrazine (E 102), BHT [butylated hydroxytoluene] (E 321)	Unauthorised enhancement
China	Chrysanthemum extract	Chrysanthemum morifolium	Unauthorised food ingredient
	Kitchenware	Bamboo	Unauthorised food contact material
	Biscuits	Lower content of carbohydrates than declared; higher content of fat than declared	Adulteration (substitution)
	Chilli powder	Sudan 1	Unauthorised enhancement
	Paprika powder	Sudan 3	
	Soft drinks	Amaranth (E 123)	
	Sweets	Sorbic acid (E 200), potassium sorbate (E 202)	Unauthorised ingredients
India	Papayas (fresh, preparation)	Genetically modified organism (GMO)	Unauthorised food
	Senna extract	Ethylene oxide	Unauthorised enhancement
Iran	Pickled garlic	Sulphur dioxide (E 220)	Not compliant with EU MLs
Malaysia	Honey	Tongkat ali (Eurycoma longifolia)	Unauthorised food ingredient
Mauritius	Pineapples	Perchlorate	Unauthorised process
Pakistan	Orange juice (from concentrate)	Lower content of fruit than declared (<50%), sugar addition	Adulteration (substitution)
Philippines	Dried mangoes	Sulphur dioxide (E 220)	Not compliant with EU MLs
	Dried pineapples	Higher content of sugar than declared	Adulteration (addition)
Syria	Red pepper (powder)	Sudan 1, Sudan 2, Sudan 3, Sudan 4	Unauthorised enhancement
Thailand	Wheat flour	Benzoyl peroxide (E 928)	
Türkiye	Chocolates	Sildenafil	Unauthorised ingredient
	Cream	Potassium sorbate (E 202)	Unauthorised enhancement
	Food supplements	Sibutramine, sildenafil	Unauthorised ingredients
	Poppy seed paste	Peanuts, sesame seeds	Adulteration (substitution)
Venezuela	Shrimps	Sulphites (E 220–E 228)	Not compliant with EU MLs
Vietnam	Aloe vera drink	Benzoic acid (E 210), tartrazine (E 102)	Unauthorised enhancement



Source: based on March 2025 Report on Agri-Food Fraud Suspicions

Table 2 Record tampering, control, documentation, identification, origin, and traceability **Products** Classification Country Issue Whipped cream powder Unauthorised origin Algeria Illegal import with milk China Sauces Product related Skipped border controls dates, records, and El Salvador Tuna (Katsuwonus pelamis) Skipped border controls information India Ashwagandha extract Health certificate issued after shipment Jordan Cookies Illegal import Unauthorised origin Moldova Products of animal origin Lack of traceability, absence of labelling Product related dates, records, and Pakistan **Sweets** Misleading picturing of the product information Syria Tomato (organic) and Unregistered operators, organic claim Organic claims pepper pastes Türkiye Olive oil Quality classification (lampante olive oil) Product related dates, records, and Uzbekistan Raisins Absence of expiry date, misleading information weight information (different values) AGRINFO

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Non-con	Table 3 npliance with pesticide and veterinary medicine MRLs	
Country	Products*	
Bangladesh	Rice (puffed)	
China	Tea, nashi pears, pears	
Colombia	Mangoes, passion fruits	
Egypt	Carrots, clover seeds (feed), lemons, marjoram, oranges, peppers, potatoes, strawberries, tomatoes, vine leaves	
India	Cumin (ground, seeds), drumsticks, okra, rice, rice flour, rose petals (dried), sorghum	
	Feed materials (palmitic acid, rice protein)	
Kenya	Beans	
Madagascar	Beans, black pepper	
Malaysia	Peppers	
Morocco	Olives	
Pakistan	Rice	
Philippines	Milkfish (Chanos chanos) [V]	
Senegal	Peppers (other than sweet)	
Sri Lanka	Beans (yardlong)	
Thailand	Chilli sauce, parsley, peppers (other than sweet), tea	
Türkiye	Grapefruits, lemons, pears, peppers, tomatoes, vine leaves	
Uganda	Soursop	
Ukraine	Birdseed (feed)	
Uzbekistan	Dill	
Vietnam	Frog legs, shrimps (<i>Litopenaeus vannamei</i>) [V]	
* All non-compliances	s are for pesticide residues except those marked [V] for Veterinary medicine. **TAGRINFO** **www.agrinfo.eu**	

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