

# Simplification of rules on feed additive authorisations

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European Commission proposes to simplify the feed additive authorisation process, and introduces digital labelling options

[Proposal](#) for a regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council amending Regulations (EC) No 999/2001, (EC) No 1829/2003, (EC) No 1831/2003, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004, (EC) No 396/2005, (EC) No 1099/2009, (EC) No 1107/2009, (EU) No 528/2012, (EU) No 2017/625 as regards the simplification and strengthening of food and feed safety requirements

## Update

The European Commission proposes to simplify the authorisation process for feed additives to improve its efficiency, and the competitiveness of the European Union (EU) feed sector. It also proposes to introduce digital labelling options for certain non-safety-related information.

Under the proposal, feed additive authorisations will remain valid for an unlimited period of time instead of the current rules that require renewal every 10 years. The European Commission will retain the right to cancel authorisations if safety or effectiveness problems arise. Only authorisations for feed additives in the category of coccidiostats and histomonostats will remain limited to 10 years. Most existing authorisations will become unlimited automatically. Pending applications will be assessed under the old rules, but granted unlimited approval if successful. The proposal also seeks to simplify the process of modifying authorisations.

It is also proposed to expand the use of digital labelling, permitting some non-safety labelling information to be provided digitally, while all essential safety and use information must remain on the physical label.

This proposal has been notified to the World Trade Organization Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (WTO SPS) Committee ([G/SPS/N/EU/911](#)) and has been published on [Have your say](#) (the EU platform for consultations).

## Impacted products

Food residues and waste; prepared fodder

## What is changing?

The European Commission proposes the following major changes to Regulation [1831/2003](#) on feed additive authorisations.

### Duration of authorisations

Feed additive authorisations are currently valid for 10 years and must then be renewed (Art. 9(8)). The proposal is for feed additives to be authorised for an unlimited period of time. The European Union (EU) would still be able to revoke authorisations at any time if concerns arise about safety or efficacy (current Art.13). As an exception, authorisations of feed additives in the category of coccidiostats and histomonostats would still be limited to 10 years due to the high risk profile (antimicrobial nature) of these additives.

### Extension of existing authorisations

Feed additives that have already been authorised before these revised rules apply will be considered authorised for an unlimited period of time, except for:

- feed additives in the category of coccidiostats and histomonostats
- urgent authorisations granted to ensure the protection of animal welfare (Art. 15)
- authorisations for which no renewal has been submitted
- authorisations which have been withdrawn
- authorisations for which an application have been submitted, but no decision taken.

### Applications already submitted

Where an application has been submitted and no decision taken, these will continue to be reviewed under the previous rules. However, if the authorisation is successfully renewed, authorisation will be granted for an unlimited period of time.

### Modification of authorisations

The Commission proposes to allow changes to the name of the authorisation holder that can be made public through the Community Register of Feed Additives without having to adopt a new Regulation (Art. 13). There will also be a new opportunity for interested parties to submit an application for modification of an authorisation (e.g. expanding the specifications or conditions included in the authorisations) for additives for which there is no specific authorisation holder (certain categories of technological, sensory, or nutritional additives).

## Labelling responsibilities (Art. 16)

The Commission proposes to allow digital labelling for certain non-safety-related information (Art. 16), for example the name/address of the person responsible for labelling, manufacturer's approval number, batch reference number, and date of manufacture. Safety-critical and essential-use information must remain on the physical label. Basic conditions for digital labelling are proposed.

The proposal also clarifies responsibility for labelling: the feed business operator established within the EU that first places the feed additives on the EU market, or the operator under whose name the feed additives are placed on the market, must comply with the labelling rules.

## Why?

A review of existing feed additive rules ([European Commission 2024](#)) identified administrative burdens for the feed sector and for EU (national) authorities when processing applications for feed additive authorisations. The current 10-year renewal application was widely considered too costly to justify investment; in practice there are currently very few withdrawals or refusals of authorisation for food safety reasons. Labelling requirements were also considered to be outdated given the growing availability of digital tools. The Commission's proposals aim to address these weaknesses to improve the efficiency and competitiveness of the EU feed sector.

## Timeline

This proposal has entered a process of discussion and adoption by the Council of the EU (Member States) and the European Parliament, a process that can take up to 2 years.

## Recommended Actions

Competent authorities of countries that are members of the WTO can submit comments on the EU's proposal by emailing the [EU SPS Enquiry Point](#) until **30 March 2026**.

All interested stakeholders are invited to give feedback via [Have your say](#) platform until **14 May 2026** (but may be extended).

Stakeholders wishing to respond must be registered. Those who do not already have an account will first need to [Create an EU login account](#), then register their organisation on the [EU Transparency register](#).

## Background

The current proposal reflects the views of Member States and stakeholders across a number of areas of food law regarding simplifying food and feed safety rules.

The [EU Vision for Agriculture and Food 2025–2029](#) sets out a number of priorities, which include ensuring the competitiveness and resilience of the EU agri-food sector. The EU is aiming to simplify legislation by removing unnecessary regulatory obstacles. It does not intend to change rules in a way that will reduce the current level of consumer protection provided by these rules.

## Resources

European Commission (2024) [Commission Staff Working Document: Evaluation of Regulation \(EC\) No 1831/2003 on additives for use in animal nutrition](#)

Regulation (EC) No [1831/2003](#) on additives for use in animal nutrition

## Sources

[Proposal](#) for a Regulation amending Regulations 999/2001, 1829/2003, 1831/2003, 852/2004, 853/2004, 396/2005, 1099/2009, 1107/2009, 528/2012, 2017/625 as regards the simplification and strengthening of food and feed safety requirements

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